

Proposed Syllabus

For

B.Sc. (Honours) in Computer Science

Submitted

To



ENLIGHTENMENT TO PERFECTION

**University of North Bengal**

(Accredited by NAAC with grade A)

Under

**Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

[To be effect from the Session 2018-19]



## Preamble

The University Grants Commission (UGC) has initiated several measures to bring equity, efficiency and excellence in the Higher Education System of country. To enhance academic standards and quality in higher education, several significant measures i.e. innovation and improvements in curriculum, teaching-learning process, and examination and evaluation systems has been taken besides governance and other matters.

To improve the higher education system and maintain minimum standards and quality across the Higher Educational Institutions (HEIs) in India, the UGC has formulated various regulations and guidelines over the times. The academic reforms recommended by the UGC in the recent past have led to overall improvement in the higher education system. Introduction of uniform Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) by the UGC at Under Graduate (UG) level for different subjects recommended to be followed by the HEIs across the country is one of such significant step towards the goal. The HEIs must have the flexibility and freedom in designing the examination and evaluation methods that best fits the curriculum, syllabi and teaching-learning methods, there is a need to devise a sensible system for awarding the grades based on the performance of learners. Presently the performance of the students is reported using the conventional system of marks secured in the examinations or grades or both. The conversion from marks to letter grades and the letter grades used vary widely across the HEIs in the country. This creates difficulty for the academia and the employers to understand and infer the performance of the students graduating from different universities and colleges based on grades.

The grading system is considered to be better than the conventional marks system and hence it has been followed in the top institutions in India and abroad. So it is desirable to introduce uniform grading system. This will facilitate student mobility across institutions within and across countries and also enable potential employers to assess the performance of students. To bring in the desired uniformity, in grading system and method for computing the cumulative grade point average (CGPA) based on the performance of students in the examinations, the UGC has formulated these guidelines.

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## CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS):

The CBCS provides an opportunity for the students to choose courses from the prescribed courses comprising core, elective/minor or skill based courses. The courses can be evaluated following the grading system, which is considered to be better than the conventional marks system. Therefore, it is necessary to introduce uniform grading system in the entire higher education in India. This will benefit the students to move across institutions within India to begin with and across countries. The uniform grading system will also enable potential employers in assessing the performance of the candidates. In order to bring uniformity in evaluation system and computation of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) based on student's performance in examinations, the UGC has formulated the guidelines to be followed.

### Outline of Choice Based Credit System:

1. **Core Course:** A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course.
2. **Elective Course:** Generally a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/ subject of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called an Elective Course.
  - 2.1. **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course:** Elective courses may be offered by the main discipline/subject of study is referred to as Discipline Specific Elective. The University/Institute may also offer discipline related Elective courses of interdisciplinary nature (to be offered by main discipline/subject of study).
  - 2.2. **Project/Dissertation:** An elective course designed to acquire special/advanced knowledge, such as supplement study/support study to a project work. A candidate studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher/faculty member is called dissertation/project. Project work/Dissertation is considered as a special course involving application of knowledge in solving / analyzing /exploring a real life situation / difficult problem. A Project/Dissertation work would be of 6 credits. A Project/Dissertation work may be given in lieu of a discipline specific elective paper.
  - 2.3. **Generic Elective (GE) Course:** An elective course chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject, with an intention to seek exposure is called a Generic Elective.  
P.S.: A core course offered in a discipline/subject may be treated as an elective by other discipline/subject and vice versa and such electives may also be referred to as Generic Elective.
3. **Ability Enhancement Courses (AE)/ Ability Enhancement Courses Compulsory (AEC)/ Ability Enhancement Courses Elective- Skill Development Courses (SEC):** The Ability Enhancement (AE) Courses may be of two kinds: AE Compulsory Course (AEC) and AE Elective-Skill Based Course (SEC). "AEC" courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to Knowledge enhancement. They ((i) Environmental Science, (ii) English/MIL Communication) are mandatory for all disciplines. AEC courses are value-based and/or skill-based and are aimed at providing hands-on-training, competencies, skills, etc.
  - 3.1. **AE Compulsory Course (AEC):** Environmental Science, English Communication/MIL Communication.
  - 3.2. **AE Elective Course- Skill Development (SEC):** These courses may be chosen from a pool of courses designed to provide value-based and/or skill-based instruction.

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**Details of courses under B.Sc.(Honors) in Computer Science**

Course Type	Course Category	Theory/Practical/Tutorial	*Credits	
			Theory+ Practical	Theory + Tutorial
1. Core Course (CC)	1.1 Core Course (CC)	CC Theory (14 Papers)	14X4= 56	14X5=70
		CC Practical / Tutorial* (14 Papers)	14X2=28	14X1=14
2. Elective Course	2.1 Discipline Specific Elective(DSE)	DSE Theory( 4 Papers)	4X4=16	4X5=20
		DSE Practical / Tutorial*( 4 Papers) (*Optional Dissertation or project work in place of one Discipline Specific Elective paper (6 credits) in 6 <sup>th</sup> Semester )	4 X 2=8	4X1=4
	2.2 Generic Elective/ Interdisciplinary (GE)	GE Theory( 4 Papers)	4X4=16	4X5=20
		GE Practical / Tutorial*( 4 Papers)	4 X 2=8	4X1=4
3. Ability Enhancement Courses (AECC)	3.1 Ability Enhancement Compulsory (AEC)	AEC (2 Papers)	2 X 2=4	2 X 2=4
	3.2 Ability Enhancement Elective - Skill Based (SEC)	SEC (Minimum 2 Papers)	2 X 2=4	2 X 2=4
<b>Total credit</b>			140	140
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Institute should evolve a system/policy about ECA/ General Interest/Hobby/Sports/NCC/NSS/ related courses on its own.</li> <li>*Wherever there is a practical there will be no tutorial and vice-versa</li> </ul>				

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**PROPOSED SCHEME FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM IN  
B. Sc. Honours (Computer Science)**

Semester	Core Course (CC) (14 Pairs: Theory and Lab/Tutorial)	Discipline Specific Elective(DSE) (4 Pairs)	Generic Elective/ Interdisciplinary (GE) (4 Pairs)	Ability Enhancement Elective- Skill Based (SEC) (1 Pair)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory (AEC) (1 Pair)
I	<a href="#">Programming Fundamentals using C/C++</a>		GE-1		<a href="#">Environmental Science</a>
	<a href="#">Computer System Architecture</a>				
II	<a href="#">Programming in JAVA</a>		GE-2		<a href="#">English/MIL Communication</a>
	<a href="#">Discrete Structures</a>				
III	<a href="#">Data Structures</a>		GE-3	SEC - 1	
	<a href="#">Operating Systems</a>				
	<a href="#">Computer Networks</a>				
IV	<a href="#">Design and Analysis of Algorithms</a>		GE-4	SEC - 2	
	<a href="#">Software Engineering</a>				
	<a href="#">Database Management Systems</a>				
V	<a href="#">Internet Technologies</a>	DSE - 1			
	<a href="#">Theory of Computation</a>	DSE - 2			
VI	<a href="#">Artificial Intelligence</a>	DSE - 3			
	<a href="#">Computer Graphics</a>	DSE - 4			

Proposed paper with examination pattern for B.Sc. (H) in Computer Science							
Semester	Paper Code	Paper Title	Credit	Ins. Hrs /week	Examination Scheme and Marks Distribution		
					Term End Examination	Continuous Evaluation (Attendance: 5, Others: 20)	Total
I	AEC 11	<a href="#">Environmental Science</a>	2	2	75	25	100
	CC 12	<a href="#">Programming Fundamentals using C/C++</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 13	<a href="#">Computer System Architecture</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	GE 14	<p>Step1: Choose only ONE discipline of interest for the entire 3-year program from the followings in consultation with the concerned college authority and faculty members:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mathematics</li> <li>2. Statistics</li> <li>3. Operational Research</li> <li>4. Physics</li> <li>5. Electronics</li> <li>6. Commerce</li> <li>7. Economics</li> </ol> <p>Step 2: Then, for <a href="#">GE 14</a>, select one paper from the chosen discipline and follow the respective syllabus.</p>	4/5	4/5	75	25	100
	CC 12L	<a href="#">Programming Fundamentals using C/C++ Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	CC 13L	<a href="#">Computer System Architecture Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	GE 14TL	<a href="#">GE 14TL</a> is the corresponding Lab/Tutorial to the paper selected for GE 14.	2/1	4/2	50	25	75
		<b>End Semester</b>	<b>20</b>				<b>625</b>
	II	AEC 21	<a href="#">English/MIL Communication</a>	2	2	75	25
CC 22		<a href="#">Programming in JAVA</a>	4	4	75	25	100
CC 23		<a href="#">Discrete Structures</a>	5	5	75	25	100
GE 24		For <a href="#">GE 24</a> , select another distinct paper from the previously chosen discipline during paper GE 14 and follow the respective syllabus.	4/5	4/5	75	25	100
CC 22L		<a href="#">Programming in JAVA Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
CC 23T		<a href="#">Discrete Structure Tutorial</a>	1	2	50	25	75
GE 24TL		<a href="#">GE 24TL</a> is the corresponding Lab/Tutorial to the paper selected for GE 24.	2/1	4/2	50	25	75
		<b>End Semester</b>	<b>20</b>				<b>625</b>
III	CC 31	<a href="#">Data Structures</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 32	<a href="#">Operating Systems</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 33	<a href="#">Computer Networks</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	GE 34	For <a href="#">GE 34</a> , select another distinct paper from the previously chosen discipline during paper GE 14 and follow the respective syllabus.	4/5	4/5	75	25	100
	CC 31L	<a href="#">Data StructureLab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	CC 32L	<a href="#">Operating Systems Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	CC 33L	<a href="#">Computer Networks Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	GE 34TL	<a href="#">GE 34TL</a> is the corresponding Lab/Tutorial to the paper selected for GE 34.	2/1	4/2	50	25	75
SEC 35TL	<p>Any ONE from the following list:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">E1: Digital Electronics and System Maintenance</a></li> </ul>	2	1T+2L	50	25	75	

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">E2: Website Design with HTML and PHP</a></li> <li><a href="#">E3: Python Programming</a></li> </ul>					
		<b>End Semester</b>	<b>26</b>				<b>775</b>
IV	CC 41	<a href="#">Design and Analysis of Algorithms</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 42	<a href="#">Software Engineering</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 43	<a href="#">Database Management Systems</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	GE 44	For <a href="#">GE 44</a> , select another distinct paper from the previously chosen discipline during paper GE 14 and follow the respective syllabus.	4/5	4/5	75	25	100
	CC 41L	<a href="#">Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	CC 42L	<a href="#">Software Engineering Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	CC 43L	<a href="#">Database Management Systems Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	GE 44TL	<a href="#">GE 44TL</a> is the corresponding Lab/Tutorial to the paper selected for GE 44.	2/1	4/2	50	25	75
	SEC 45TL	Any ONE from the following list: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">E1: Android Programming</a></li> <li><a href="#">E2: Programming in MATLAB</a></li> <li><a href="#">E3: VB.NET Programming</a></li> </ul>	2	1T+2L	50	25	75
		<b>End Semester</b>	<b>26</b>				<b>775</b>
V	CC 51	<a href="#">Internet Technologies</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 52	<a href="#">Theory of Computation</a>	5	5	75	25	100
	DSE 53	For <a href="#">DSE 53</a> , choose any ONE from the following <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">E1: Microprocessor</a></li> <li><a href="#">E2: Information Security</a></li> <li><a href="#">E3: Modelling and Simulation</a></li> </ul>	4	4	75	25	100
	DSE 54	For <a href="#">DSE 54</a> , choose any ONE from the following list: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">E1: Operational Research for Computer Science</a></li> <li><a href="#">E2: Combinatorial Optimization</a></li> <li><a href="#">E3: Numerical Methods</a></li> </ul>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 51L	<a href="#">Internet Technologies Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	CC 52T	<a href="#">Theory of Computation Tutorial</a>	1	2	50	25	75
	DSE53L	Corresponding Lab of the paper chosen for DSE53: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">E1L: Microprocessor Lab</a></li> <li><a href="#">E2L: Information Security Lab</a></li> <li><a href="#">E3L: Modelling and Simulation Lab</a></li> </ul>	2	4	50	25	75
	DSE 54L	For <a href="#">DSE 54L</a> , choose any ONE Lab from the list corresponding to selected for DSE 54 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">E1L: Operational Research for Computer Science Lab</a></li> <li><a href="#">E2L: Combinatorial Optimization Lab</a></li> <li><a href="#">E3L: Numerical Methods Lab</a></li> </ul>	2	4	50	25	75
			<b>End Semester</b>	<b>24</b>			
VI	CC 61	<a href="#">Artificial Intelligence</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 62	<a href="#">Computer Graphics</a>	4	4	75	25	100
	DSE 63	For <a href="#">DSE 63</a> , choose any one from the list (E1-E4) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">E1: Digital Image Processing</a></li> <li><a href="#">E2: Introduction to Data Sciences</a></li> <li><a href="#">E3: Data Mining</a></li> </ul>	4	4	75	25	100
	CC 61L	<a href="#">Artificial Intelligence Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	CC 62L	<a href="#">Computer Graphics Lab</a>	2	4	50	25	75
	DSE 63L	For <a href="#">DSE 63L</a> , choose any ONE Lab from the list corresponding to selected for DSE 63 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">E1L: Digital Image Processing Lab</a></li> <li><a href="#">E2L: Introduction to Data Sciences Lab</a></li> <li><a href="#">E3L: Data Mining Lab</a></li> </ul>	2	4	50	25	75

	(DSE 64 and DSE 64TL)	DSE 64	For <a href="#">DSE 64</a> , choose any one from the list (E1-E3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">E1: Machine Learning</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">E2: System Programming</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">E3: Cloud Computing</a></li> </ul>	4	4	75	25	100
		AND						
	OR DSE 64P	DSE 64L	For <a href="#">DSE 64L</a> , choose any ONE Lab from the list corresponding to selected for DSE 64 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">E1L: Machine Learning Lab</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">E2L: System Programming Lab</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">E3L: Cloud Computing Lab</a></li> </ul>	2	4	50	25	75
		OR						
	DSE 64P	<a href="#">Project</a>	6	8	125	50	175	
	<b>End Semester</b>		<b>24</b>				<b>700</b>	
	<b>Total Course Credit</b>		<b>140</b>				<b>4200</b>	

<b>Abbreviations</b>	<b>T:</b> Theory, <b>L:</b> Laboratory, <b>CC:</b> Core Course, <b>DSE:</b> Discipline Specific Elective, <b>GE:</b> Generic Elective, <b>TL:</b> Theory and Lab, <b>AEC:</b> Ability Enhancement Compulsory, <b>SEC:</b> Skill Enhancement Compulsory, <b>PJT:</b> Project
<b>Mark Distribution and Nature of Continuous Evaluation</b>	Marks (25) Distribution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 Marks shall be allocated for Attendance</li> <li>• 20 Marks Internal Evaluation through <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>For Theory Papers:</b> Multiple Class Tests</li> <li>• <b>For Lab Papers:</b> Multiple Assignments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Note</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Each Lecture/Lab to be assume of 1 hour duration</li> </ul>

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**Unit 1: Introduction to environmental studies (2 lectures)**

- Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies;
- Scope and importance; Concept of sustainability and sustainable development.

**Unit 2: Ecosystems (6 Lectures)**

- What is an ecosystem? Structure and function of ecosystem; Energy flow in an ecosystem: food chains, food webs and ecological succession. Case studies of the following ecosystems :
  - a) Forest ecosystem
  - b) Grassland ecosystem
  - c) Desert ecosystem
  - d) Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

**Unit 3: Natural Resources: Renewable and Non-renewable Resources (8 Lectures)**

- Land resources and land use change; Land degradation, soil erosion and desertification.
- Deforestation: Causes and impacts due to mining, dam building on environment, forests, biodiversity and tribal populations.
- Water: Use and over-exploitation of surface and ground water, floods, droughts, conflicts over water (international & inter-state).
- Energy resources: Renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources, growing energy needs, case studies.

**Unit 4: Biodiversity and Conservation (8 Lectures)**

- Levels of biological diversity: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity; Biogeographic zones of India; Biodiversity patterns and global biodiversity hot spots
- India as a mega-biodiversity nation; Endangered and endemic species of India
- Threats to biodiversity: Habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts, biological invasions; Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.
- Ecosystem and biodiversity services: Ecological, economic, social, ethical, aesthetic and Informational value.

**Unit 5: Environmental Pollution (8 Lectures)**

- Environmental pollution : types, causes, effects and controls; Air, water, soil and noise pollution
- Nuclear hazards and human health risks
- Solid waste management: Control measures of urban and industrial waste.
- Pollution case studies.

**Unit 6: Environmental Policies & Practices (7 Lectures)**

- Climate change, global warming, ozone layer depletion, acid rain and impacts on human communities and agriculture
- Environment Laws: Environment Protection Act; Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act; Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act; Wildlife Protection Act; Forest Conservation Act. International agreements: Montreal and Kyoto protocols and Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).
- Nature reserves, tribal populations and rights, and human wildlife conflicts in Indian context.

**Unit 7: Human Communities and the Environment (6 Lectures)**

- Human population growth: Impacts on environment, human health and welfare.
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of project affected persons; case studies.
- Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclones and landslides.
- Environmental movements: Chipko, Silent valley, Bishnois of Rajasthan.
- Environmental ethics: Role of Indian and other religions and cultures in environmental conservation.
- Environmental communication and public awareness, case studies (e.g., CNG vehicles in Delhi).

## Unit 8: Field work (Equivalent to 5 Lectures)

- Visit to an area to document environmental assets: river/ forest/ flora/fauna, etc.
- Visit to a local polluted site---Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural.
- Study of common plants, insects, birds and basic principles of identification.
- Study of simple ecosystems---pond, river, Delhi Ridge, etc.

### Suggested Readings:

1. Carson, R. 2002. Silent Spring. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.
2. Gadgil, M., & Guha, R. 1993. This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India. Univ. of California Press.
3. Gleeson, B. and Low, N. (eds.) 1999. Global Ethics and Environment, London, Routledge.
4. Gleick, P. H. 1993. Water in Crisis. Pacific Institute for Studies in Dev., Environment & Security. Stockholm Env. Institute, Oxford Univ. Press.
5. Groom, Martha J., Gary K. Meffe, and Carl Ronald Carroll. Principles of Conservation Biology. Sunderland: Sinauer Associates, 2006.
6. Grumbine, R. Edward, and Pandit, M.K. 2013. Threats from India's Himalaya dams. Science, 339: 36--37.
7. McCully, P. 1996. Rivers no more: the environmental effects of dams (pp. 29--64). Zed Books.
8. McNeill, John R. 2000. Something New Under the Sun: An Environmental History of the Twentieth Century.
9. Odum, E.P., Odum, H.T. & Andrews, J. 1971. Fundamentals of Ecology. Philadelphia: Saunders.
10. Pepper, I.L., Gerba, C.P. & Brusseau, M.L. 2011. Environmental and Pollution Science. Academic Press.
11. Rao, M.N. & Datta, A.K. 1987. Waste Water Treatment. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
12. Raven, P.H., Hassenzahl, D.M. & Berg, L.R. 2012. Environment. 8<sup>th</sup> edition. John Wiley & Sons.
13. Rosencranz, A., Divan, S., & Noble, M. L. 2001. Environmental law and policy in India. Tripathi 1992.
14. Sengupta, R. 2003. Ecology and economics: An approach to sustainable development. OUP.
15. Singh, J.S., Singh, S.P. and Gupta, S.R. 2014. Ecology, Environmental Science and Conservation. S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi.
16. Sodhi, N.S., Gibson, L. & Raven, P.H. (eds). 2013. Conservation Biology: Voices from the Tropics. John Wiley & Sons.
17. Thapar, V. 1998. Land of the Tiger: A Natural History of the Indian Subcontinent.
18. Warren, C. E. 1971. Biology and Water Pollution Control. WB Saunders.
19. Wilson, E. O. 2006. The Creation: An appeal to save life on earth. New York: Norton.
20. World Commission on Environment and Development. 1987. Our Common Future. Oxford University Press.

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## CC 12: Programming Fundamentals using C/C++

[Credits: 4, Lectures: 60]

### Unit 1: Introduction to C and C++ (3 Lectures)

History of C and C++, Overview of Procedural Programming and Object-Oriented Programming, Using main() function, Compiling and Executing Simple Programs in C++.

### Unit 2: Data Types, Variables, Constants, Operators and Basic I/O (5 Lectures)

Declaring, Defining and Initializing Variables, Scope of Variables, Using Named Constants, Keywords, Data Types, Casting of Data Types, Operators (Arithmetic, Logical and Bitwise), Using Comments in programs, Character I/O (getc, getchar, putc, putchar), Formatted and Console I/O (printf(), scanf(), cin, cout), Using Basic Header Files (stdio.h, iostream.h, conio.h).

### Unit 3: Expressions, Conditional Statements and Iterative Statements (5 Lectures)

Simple Expressions in C++ (including Unary Operator Expressions, Binary Operator Expressions), Understanding Operator Precedence in Expressions, Conditional Statements (if construct, switch-case construct), Understanding syntax and utility of Iterative Statements (while, do-while, and for loops), Use of break and continue in Loops, Using Nested Statements (Conditional as well as Iterative)

### Unit 4: Functions and Arrays (10 Lectures)

Utility of functions, Call by Value, Call by Reference, Functions returning value, Void functions, Inline Functions, Return data type of functions, Functions parameters, Differentiating between Declaration and Definition of Functions, Command Line Arguments/Parameters in Functions, Functions with variable number of Arguments.

Creating and Using One Dimensional Arrays ( Declaring and Defining an Array, Initializing an Array, Accessing individual elements in an Array, Manipulating array elements using loops), Use Various types of arrays (integer, float and character arrays / Strings) Two-dimensional Arrays (Declaring, Defining and Initializing Two Dimensional Array, Working with Rows and Columns), Introduction to Multi-dimensional arrays

### **Unit 5: Derived Data Types (Structures and Unions) (3 Lectures)**

Understanding utility of structures and unions, Declaring, initializing and using simple structures and unions, Manipulating individual members of structures and unions, Array of Structures, Individual data members as structures, Passing and returning structures from functions, Structure with union as members, Union with structures as members.

### **Unit 6: Pointers and References in C++ (7 Lectures)**

Understanding a Pointer Variable, Simple use of Pointers (Declaring and Dereferencing Pointers to simple variables), Pointers to Pointers, Pointers to structures, Problems with Pointers, Passing pointers as function arguments, Returning a pointer from a function, using arrays as pointers, Passing arrays to functions. Pointers vs. References, Declaring and initializing references, Using references as function arguments and function return values

### **Unit 7: Memory Allocation in C++ (3 Lectures)**

Differentiating between static and dynamic memory allocation, use of malloc, calloc and free functions, use of new and delete operators, storage of variables in static and dynamic memory allocation

### **Unit 8: File I/O, Preprocessor Directives (4 Lectures)**

Opening and closing a file (use of fstream header file, ifstream, ofstream and fstream classes), Reading and writing Text Files, Using put(), get(), read() and write() functions, Random access in files, Understanding the Preprocessor Directives (#include, #define, #error, #if, #else, #elif, #endif, #ifdef, #ifndef and #undef), Macros

### **Unit 9: Using Classes in C++ (7 Lectures)**

Principles of Object-Oriented Programming, Defining & Using Classes, Class Constructors, Constructor Overloading, Function overloading in classes, Class Variables & Functions, Objects as parameters, Specifying the Protected and Private Access, Copy Constructors, Overview of Template classes and their use.

### **Unit 10: Overview of Function Overloading and Operator Overloading (5 Lectures)**

Need of Overloading functions and operators, Overloading functions by number and type of arguments, looking at an operator as a function call, Overloading Operators (including assignment operators, unary operators)

### **Unit 11: Inheritance, Polymorphism and Exception Handling (8 Lectures)**

Introduction to Inheritance (Multi-Level Inheritance, Multiple Inheritance), Polymorphism (Virtual Functions, Pure Virtual Functions), Basics Exceptional Handling (using catch and throw, multiple catch statements), Catching all exceptions, Restricting exceptions, Rethrowing exceptions.

### **Suggested Readings:**

1. HerbtzSchildt, "C++: The Complete Reference", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill.2003
2. BjarneStroustrup, "The C++ Programming Language", 4th Edition, Addison-Wesley , 2013.
3. BjarneStroustrup, "Programming -- Principles and Practice using C++", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley 2014.
4. E Balaguruswamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
5. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "C++ How to Program", 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
6. John R. Hubbard, "Programming with C++", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2000.
7. Andrew Koeni, Barbara, E. Moo, "Accelerated C++", Published by Addison-Wesley , 2000.
8. Scott Meyers, "Effective C++", 3rd Edition, Published by Addison-Wesley, 2005.
9. Harry, H. Chaudhary, "Head First C++ Programming: The Definitive Beginner's Guide", First Create space Inc, O-D Publishing, LLC USA.2014
10. Walter Savitch, "Problem Solving with C++", Pearson Education, 2007.
11. Stanley B. Lippman, JoseeLajoie, Barbara E. Moo, "C++ Primer", Published by Addison-Wesley, 5th Edition, 2012

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**Unit 1: Introduction (8 lectures)**

Logic gates, boolean algebra, combinational circuits, circuit simplification, flip-flops and sequential circuits, decoders, multiplexers, registers, counters and memory units.

**Unit 2: Data Representation and Basic Computer Arithmetic (10 lectures)**

Number systems, complements, fixed and floating point representation, character representation, addition, subtraction, magnitude comparison, multiplication and division algorithms for integers

**Unit 3: Basic Computer Organization and Design (13 lectures)**

Computer registers, bus system, instruction set, timing and control, instruction cycle, memory reference, input-output and interrupt, Interconnection Structures, Bus Interconnection design of basic computer.

**Unit 4: Central Processing Unit (15 lectures)**

Register organization, arithmetic and logical micro-operations, stack organization, micro programmed control. Instruction formats, addressing modes, instruction codes, machine language, assembly language, input output programming, RISC, CISC architectures, pipelining and parallel architecture.

**Unit 5: Memory Organization (6 lectures)**

Cache memory, Associative memory, mapping.

**Unit 6: Input-Output Organization (8 lectures)**

Input / Output: External Devices, I/O Modules, Programmed I/O, Interrupt-Driven I/O, Direct Memory Access, I/O Channels.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. M. Mano, Computer System Architecture, Pearson Education 1992
2. A. J. Dos Reis, Assembly Language and Computer Architecture using C++ and JAVA, Course Technology, 2004
3. W. Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture Designing for Performance, 8th Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2009
4. M.M. Mano, Digital Design, Pearson Education Asia, 2013
5. Carl Hamacher, Computer Organization, Fifth edition, McGrawHill, 2012.

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**GE 14: General Elective - 1**

**[Theory: 60 Lectures]**

**Step1:** Choose only ONE discipline of interest for the entire 3-year program in consultation with the college authority and teacher(s) from the following:

1. Mathematics
2. Statistics
3. Operational Research
4. Physics
5. Electronics
6. Commerce
7. Economics

**Step 2:** Then, for GE 14, select one paper from the chosen discipline and follow the syllabus of the paper from the chosen discipline.

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**CC 12L: Programming Fundamentals using C/C++ Lab**

**[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]**

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. WAP to print the sum and product of digits of an integer.
2. WAP to reverse a number.
3. WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series  $S = 1 + 1/2 + 1/3 + 1/4 + \dots$
4. WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series  $S = 1 - 2 + 3 - 4 + 5 - \dots$

5. Write a function that checks whether a given string is Palindrome or not. Use this function to find whether the string entered by user is Palindrome or not.
6. Write a function to find whether a given no. is prime or not. Use the same to generate the prime numbers less than 100.
7. WAP to compute the factors of a given number.
8. Write a macro that swaps two numbers. WAP to use it.
9. WAP to print a triangle of stars as follows (take number of lines from user):

```

*
***
*****
*****
*****
*****

```

10. WAP to perform following actions on an array entered by the user:
  - a) Print the even-valued elements
  - b) Print the odd-valued elements
  - c) Calculate and print the sum and average of the elements of array
  - d) Print the maximum and minimum element of array
  - e) Remove the duplicates from the array
  - f) Print the array in reverse order

The program should present a menu to the user and ask for one of the options. The menu should also include options to re-enter array and to quit the program.

11. WAP that prints a table indicating the number of occurrences of each alphabet in the text entered as command line arguments.
12. Write a program that swaps two numbers using pointers.
13. Write a program in which a function is passed address of two variables and then alter its contents.
14. Write a program which takes the radius of a circle as input from the user, passes it to another function that computes the area and the circumference of the circle and displays the value of area and circumference from the main() function.
15. Write a program to find sum of n elements entered by the user. To write this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc() / calloc() functions or new operator.
16. Write a menu driven program to perform following operations on strings:
  - a) Show address of each character in string
  - b) Concatenate two strings without using strcat function.
  - c) Concatenate two strings using strcat function.
  - d) Compare two strings
  - e) Calculate length of the string (use pointers)
  - f) Convert all lowercase characters to uppercase
  - g) Convert all uppercase characters to lowercase
  - h) Calculate number of vowels
  - i) Reverse the string
17. Given two ordered arrays of integers, write a program to merge the two-arrays to get an ordered array.
18. WAP to display Fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
19. WAP to calculate Factorial of a number (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
20. WAP to calculate GCD of two numbers (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion.
21. Create Matrix class using templates. Write a menu-driven program to perform following Matrix operations (2-D array implementation):
  - a) Sum    b) Difference    c) Product    d) Transpose
22. Create the Person class. Create some objects of this class (by taking information from the user). Inherit the class Person to create two classes Teacher and Student class. Maintain the respective information in the classes and create, display and delete objects of these two classes (Use Runtime Polymorphism).
23. Create a class Triangle. Include overloaded functions for calculating area. Overload assignment operator and equality operator.
24. Create a class Box containing length, breath and height. Include following methods in it:
  - a) Calculate surface Area
  - b) Calculate Volume
  - c) Increment, Overload ++ operator (both prefix & postfix)
  - d) Decrement, Overload -- operator (both prefix & postfix)

- e) Overload operator == (to check equality of two boxes), as a friend function
- f) Overload Assignment operator
- g) Check if it is a Cube or cuboid

Write a program which takes input from the user for length, breath and height to test the above class.

- 25. Create a structure Student containing fields for Roll No., Name, Class, Year and Total Marks. Create 10 students and store them in a file.
- 26. Write a program to retrieve the student information from file created in previous question and print it in following format:  

Roll No.	Name	Marks
----------	------	-------
- 27. Copy the contents of one text file to another file, after removing all whitespaces.
- 28. Write a function that reverses the elements of an array in place. The function must accept only one pointer value and return void.
- 29. Write a program that will read 10 integers from user and store them in an array. Implement array using pointers. The program will print the array elements in ascending and descending order.

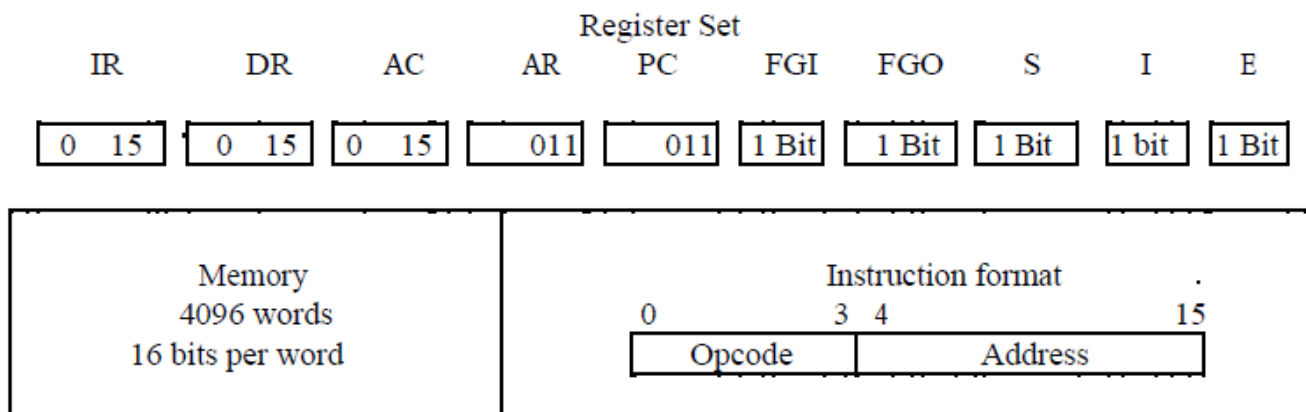
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**CC 13L: Computer System Architecture Lab**

**[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]**

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

- 1. Create a machine based on the following architecture:



**Basic Computer Instructions**

Memory Reference		Register Reference		Input-Output		
Symbol	Hex	Symbol	Hex	Symbol	Hex	
AND	0xxx	Direct Addressing	CLA	E800	INP	F80 0
ADD	2xxx		CLE	E400	OUT	F40 0
LDA	4xxx		CMA	E200	SKI	F20 0
STA	6xxx		CME	E100	SKO	F10 0
BUN	8xxx		CIR	E080	ION	F08 0
BSA	Axxx		CIL	E040	IOF	F04 0
ISZ	Cxxx		INC	E020		

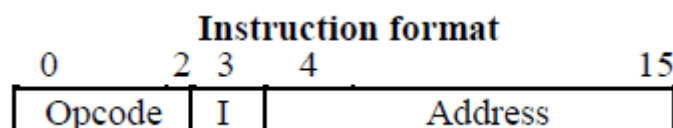
**Optional**

Basic Computer Instructions (Continued...)

Memory Reference		Register Reference		Input-Output		
Symbol	Hex	Symbol	Hex	Symbol	Hex	
AND I	1xxx	Indirect Addressing	SPA	E010		
ADD I	3xxx		SNA	E008		
LDA I	5xxx		SZA	E004		
STA I	7xxx		SZE	E002		
BUN I	9xxx		HLT	E001		
BSA I	Bxxx					
ISZ I	Dxxx					

Optional

- Refer to Chapter-5 of Morris Mano for description of instructions.
2. Create the micro operations and associate with instructions as given in the chapter (except interrupts). Design the register set, memory and the instruction set. Use this machine for the assignments of this section.
  3. Create a Fetch routine of the instruction cycle.
    - a. Simulate the machine to determine the contents of AC, E, PC, AR and IR registers in hexadecimal after the execution of each of following register reference instructions: CLA
    - b. CLE
    - c. CMA
    - d. CME
    - e. CIR
    - f. CIL
    - g. INC
    - h. SPA
    - i. SNA
    - j. SZA
    - k. SZE
    - l. HLT
    - m. Initialize the contents of AC to  $(A937)_{16}$ , that of PC to  $(022)_{16}$  and E to 1.
  4. Simulate the machine for the following memory-reference instructions with I= 0 and address part = 082. The instruction to be stored at address 022 in RAM. Initialize the memory word at address 082 with the operand B8F2 and AC with A937. Determine the contents of AC, DR, PC, AR and IR in hexadecimal after the execution.
    - a. ADD
    - b. AND
    - c. LDA
    - d. STA
    - e. BUN
    - f. BSA
    - g. ISZ
  5. Simulate the machine for the memory-reference instructions referred in above question with I= 1 and address part = 082. The instruction to be stored at address 026 in RAM. Initialize the memory word at address 082 with the value 298. Initialize the memory word at address 298 with operand B8F2 and AC with A937. Determine the contents of AC, DR, PC, AR and IR in hexadecimal after the execution.
  6. Modify the machine created in Practical 1 according to the following instruction format:



- a. The instruction format contains a 3-bit op-code, a 1-bit addressing mode and a 12-bit address. There are only two addressing modes, I = 0 (direct addressing) and I = 1 (indirect addressing).
- b. Create a new register I of 1 bit.
- c. Create two new microinstructions as follows :
  - i. Check the op-code of instruction to determine type of instruction (Memory Reference/Register Reference/Input-Output) and then jump accordingly.
  - ii. Check the I bit to determine the addressing mode and then jump accordingly.

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#### **GE 14TL: General Elective – I Tutorial or Lab**

Tutorial or Lab corresponding to the chosen paper for GE 14. Thus follows the syllabus of the chosen discipline.

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**----- End of Semester I-----**



**Preamble:** The purpose of this course is to introduce students to the theory, fundamentals and tools of communication and to develop in them vital communication skills which should be integral to personal, social and professional interactions. One of the critical links among human beings and an important thread that binds society together is the ability to share thoughts, emotions and ideas through various means of communication: both verbal and non-verbal. In the context of rapid globalization and increasing recognition of social and cultural pluralities, the significance of clear and effective communication has substantially enhanced.

The present course hopes to address some of these aspects through an interactive mode of teaching-learning process and by focusing on various dimensions of communication skills. Some of these are:

Language of communication, various speaking skills such as personal communication, social interactions and communication in professional situations such as interviews, group discussions and office environments, important reading skills as well as writing skills such as report writing, notetaking etc.

While, to an extent, the art of communication is natural to all living beings, in today's world of complexities, it has also acquired some elements of science. It is hoped that after studying this course, students will find a difference in their personal and professional interactions.

The recommended readings given at the end are only suggestive; the students and teachers have the freedom to consult other materials on various units/topics given below. Similarly, the questions in the examination will be aimed towards assessing the skills learnt by the students rather than the textual content of the recommended books.

#### 1. Introduction:

- Theory of Communication,
- Types and modes of Communication

#### 2. Language of Communication:

- Verbal and Non-verbal (Spoken and Written)
- Personal, Social and Business
- Barriers and Strategies
- Intra-personal, Inter-personal and Group communication

#### 3. Speaking Skills:

- Monologue
- Dialogue
- Group Discussion
- Effective Communication/ Miss- Communication
- Interview
- Public Speech

#### 4. Reading and Understanding

- Close Reading
- Comprehension
- Summary Paraphrasing
- Analysis and Interpretation
- Translation(from Indian language to English and vice-versa)
- Literary/Knowledge Texts

#### 5. Writing Skills

- Documenting
- Report Writing
- Making notes
- Letter writing

#### Suggested Readings:

1. *Fluency in English* - Part II, Oxford University Press, 2006.
2. *Business English*, Pearson, 2008.
3. *Language, Literature and Creativity*, Orient Blackswan, 2013.
4. *Language through Literature* (forthcoming) ed. Dr.Gauri Mishra, Dr RanjanaKaul, Dr BratiBiswas

**Unit 1: Introduction to Java (4 Lectures)**

Java Architecture and Features, Understanding the semantic and syntax differences between C++ and Java, Compiling and Executing a Java Program, Variables, Constants, Keywords Data Types, Operators (Arithmetic, Logical and Bitwise) and Expressions, Comments, Doing Basic Program Output, Decision Making Constructs (conditional statements and loops) and Nesting, Java Methods (Defining, Scope, Passing and Returning Arguments, Type Conversion and Type and Checking, Built-in Java Class Methods),

**Unit 2: Arrays, Strings and I/O (8 Lectures)**

Creating & Using Arrays (One Dimension and Multi-dimensional), Referencing Arrays Dynamically, Java Strings: The Java String class, Creating & Using String Objects, Manipulating Strings, String Immutability & Equality, Passing Strings To & From Methods, String Buffer Classes. Simple I/O using System.out and the Scanner class, Byte and Character streams, Reading/Writing from console and files.

**Unit 3: Object-Oriented Programming Overview (4 Lectures)**

Principles of Object-Oriented Programming, Defining & Using Classes, Controlling Access to Class Members, Class Constructors, Method Overloading, Class Variables & Methods, Objects as parameters, final classes, Object class, Garbage Collection.

**Unit 4: Inheritance, Interfaces, Packages, Enumerations, Autoboxing and Metadata (14 lectures)**

Inheritance: (Single Level and Multilevel, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Abstract Classes), Interfaces and Packages, Extending interfaces and packages, Package and Class Visibility, Using Standard Java Packages (util, lang, io, net), Wrapper Classes, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Enumerations and Metadata.

**Unit 5: Exception Handling, Threading, Networking and Database Connectivity (15 Lectures)**

Exception types, uncaught exceptions, throw, built-in exceptions, Creating your own exceptions; Multi-threading: The Thread class and Runnable interface, creating single and multiple threads, Thread prioritization, synchronization and communication, suspending/resuming threads. Using java.net package, Overview of TCP/IP and Datagram programming. Accessing and manipulating databases using JDBC.

**Unit 6: Applets and Event Handling (15 Lectures)**

Java Applets: Introduction to Applets, Writing Java Applets, Working with Graphics, Incorporating Images & Sounds. Event Handling Mechanisms, Listener Interfaces, Adapter and Inner Classes. The design and Implementation of GUIs using the AWT controls, Swing components of Java Foundation Classes such as labels, buttons, textfields, layout managers, menus, events and listeners; Graphic objects for drawing figures such as lines, rectangles, ovals, using different fonts. Overview of servlets.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Ken Arnold, James Gosling, David Homes, "The Java Programming Language", 4th Edition, 2005.
2. James Gosling, Bill Joy, Guy L Steele Jr, Gilad Bracha, Alex Buckley "The Java Language Specification, Java SE 8 Edition (Java Series)", Published by Addison Wesley, 2014.
3. Joshua Bloch, "Effective Java" 2nd Edition, Publisher: Addison-Wesley, 2008.
4. Cay S. Horstmann, Gary Cornell, "Core Java 2 Volume 1 ,9th Edition, Printice Hall.2012
5. Cay S. Horstmann, Gary Cornell, "Core Java 2 Volume 2 - Advanced Features)", 9th Edition, Printice Hall.2013
6. Bruce Eckel, "Thinking in Java", 3rd Edition, PHI, 2002.
7. E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming with Java", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill.2009.
8. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "Java: How to Program", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
9. Bert Bates, Kathy Sierra, "Head First Java", Orielly Media Inc. 2nd Edition, 2005.
10. Object Oriented Programming through JAVA, P Radha Krishna, University Press
11. David J. Eck, "Introduction to Programming Using Java", Published by CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2009.
12. John R. Hubbard, "Programming with JAVA", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2004.
13. R. Nageswara, Core Java: An Integrated Approach, Dreamtech Press

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**Unit 1: Introduction: (15 Lectures)**

Sets - finite and Infinite sets, uncountably Infinite Sets; functions, relations, Properties of Binary Relations, Closure, Partial Ordering Relations; counting - Pigeonhole Principle, Permutation and Combination; Mathematical Induction, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion.

**Unit 2: Growth of Functions: (8 Lectures)**

Asymptotic Notations, Summation formulas and properties, Bounding Summations, approximation by Integrals

**Unit 3: Recurrences: (10 Lectures)**

Recurrence Relations, generating functions, Linear Recurrence Relations with constant coefficients and their solution, Substitution Method, Recurrence Trees, Master Theorem

**Unit 4: Graph Theory (15 Lectures)**

Basic Terminology, Models and Types, multigraphs and weighted graphs, Graph Representation, Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamiltonian Paths and Circuits, Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring, Trees, Basic Terminology and properties of Trees, Introduction to Spanning Trees

**Unit 5: Propositional Logic (12 Lectures)**

Logical Connectives, Well-formed Formulas, Tautologies, Equivalences, Inference Theory

**Suggested Readings:**

1. C.L. Liu , D.P. Mahopatra, Elements of Discrete mathematics, 2nd Edition , Tata McGraw Hill, 1985,
2. Kenneth Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, Sixth Edition ,McGraw Hill 2006
3. T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, Introduction to algorithms, 3rd edition Prentice Hall on India, 2009
4. M. O. Albertson and J. P. Hutchinson, Discrete Mathematics with Algorithms , John wiley Publication, 1988
5. J. L. Hein, Discrete Structures, Logic, and Computability, 3rd Edition, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, 2009
6. D.J. Hunter, Essentials of Discrete Mathematics, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, 2008
7. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Combinatorics, V Ramaswamy, University Press
8. Discrete Mathematics: A Concept-based Approach, Basavaraj S Anami, Venkanna S Madalli, University Press

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**GE 24:Generic Elective-2**

Select another distinct paper from the previously chosen discipline and follow the respective syllabus.

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**CC 22L: Programming in JAVA Lab**

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. To find the sum of any number of integers entered as command line arguments
2. To find the factorial of a given number
3. To learn use of single dimensional array by defining the array dynamically.
4. To learn use of .length in case of a two dimensional array
5. To convert a decimal to binary number
6. To check if a number is prime or not, by taking the number as input from the keyboard
7. To find the sum of any number of integers interactively, i.e., entering every number from the keyboard, whereas the total number of integers is given as a command line argument
8. Write a program that show working of different functions of String and StringBuffer classes like setCharAt(), setLength(), append(), insert(), concat() and equals().
9. Write a program to create a —distance class with methods where distance is computed in terms of feet and inches, how to create objects of a class and to see the use of this pointer

10. Modify the `Distance` class by creating constructor for assigning values (feet and inches) to the distance object. Create another object and assign second object as reference variable to another object reference variable. Further create a third object which is a clone of the first object.
11. Write a program to show that during function overloading, if no matching argument is found, then java will apply automatic type conversions(from lower to higher data type)
12. Write a program to show the difference between public and private access specifiers. The program should also show that primitive data types are passed by value and objects are passed by reference and to learn use of final keyword
13. Write a program to show the use of static functions and to pass variable length arguments in a function.
14. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of boxing and unboxing.
15. Create a multi-file program where in one file a string message is taken as input from the user and the function to display the message on the screen is given in another file (make use of Scanner package in this program).
16. Write a program to create a multilevel package and also creates a reusable class to generate Fibonacci series, where the function to generate fibonacci series is given in a different file belonging to the same package.
17. Write a program that creates illustrates different levels of protection in classes/subclasses belonging to same package or different packages
18. Write a program `DivideByZero` that takes two numbers a and b as input, computes a/b, and invokes Arithmetic Exception to generate a message when the denominator is zero.
19. Write a program to show the use of nested try statements that emphasizes the sequence of checking for catch handler statements.
20. Write a program to create your own exception types to handle situation specific to your application (Hint: Define a subclass of Exception which itself is a subclass of Throwable).
21. Write a program to demonstrate priorities among multiple threads.
22. Write a program to demonstrate multithread communication by implementing synchronization among threads (Hint: you can implement a simple producer and consumer problem).
23. Write a program to create URL object, create a URLConnection using the `openConnection()` method and then use it examine the different components of the URL and content.
24. Write a program to implement a simple datagram client and server in which a message that is typed into the server window is sent to the client side where it is displayed.
25. Write a program that creates a Banner and then creates a thread to scrolls the message in the banner from left to right across the applet's window.
26. Write a program to get the URL/location of code (i.e. java code) and document(i.e. html file).
27. Write a program to demonstrate different mouse handling events like `MouseClicked()`, `mouseEntered()`, `mouseExited()`, `mousePressed`, `mouseReleased()` and `mouseDragged()`.
28. Write a program to demonstrate different keyboard handling events.
29. Write a program to generate a window without an applet window using `main()` function.
30. Write a program to demonstrate the use of push buttons.

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**CC 23T:Discrete Structure Tutorial**

**[Credit: 1, Lecture Hours: 15]**

Discrete Structures Tutorial as assigned and advised by teacher(s).

**GE 24TL:**

**[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]**

Tutorial or Lab corresponding to the chosen paper for GE 24.Thus follows the syllabus of the chosen discipline.

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----- End of Semester II-----

**CC 31: Data Structures****[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]****Unit 1: Arrays (5 Lectures)**

Single and Multi-dimensional Arrays, Sparse Matrices (Array and Linked Representation)

**Unit 2: Stacks (5 Lectures)**

Implementing single / multiple stack/s in an Array; Prefix, Infix and Postfix expressions, Utility and conversion of these expressions from one to another; Applications of stack; Limitations of Array representation of stack

**Unit 3: Linked Lists (10 Lectures)**

Singly, Doubly and Circular Lists (Array and Linked representation); Normal and Circular representation of Stack in Lists; Self Organizing Lists; Skip Lists

**Unit 4: Queues (5 Lectures)**

Array and Linked representation of Queue, De-queue, Priority Queues

**Unit 5: Recursion (5 lectures)**

Developing Recursive Definition of Simple Problems and their implementation; Advantages and Limitations of Recursion; Understanding what goes behind Recursion (Internal Stack Implementation)

**Unit 6: Trees (20 Lectures)**

Introduction to Tree as a data structure; Binary Trees (Insertion, Deletion, Recursive and Iterative Traversals on Binary Search Trees); Threaded Binary Trees (Insertion, Deletion, Traversals); Height-Balanced Trees (Various operations on AVL Trees).

**Unit 7: Searching and Sorting (5 Lectures)**

Linear Search, Binary Search, Comparison of Linear and Binary Search, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Insertion Sort, Shell Sort, Comparison of Sorting Techniques

**Unit 8: Hashing (5 Lectures)**

Introduction to Hashing, Deleting from Hash Table, Efficiency of Rehash Methods, Hash Table Reordering, Resolving collision by Open Addressing, Coalesced Hashing, Separate Chaining, Dynamic and Extendible Hashing, Choosing a Hash Function, Perfect Hashing Function

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Adam Drozdek, "Data Structures and algorithm in C++", Third Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.
2. SartajSahni, Data Structures, "Algorithms and applications in C++", Second Edition, Universities Press, 2011.
3. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Moshe J. Augenstein, YedidyahLangsam, "Data Structures Using C and C++", Second edition, PHI, 2009.
4. Robert L. Kruse, "Data Structures and Program Design in C++", Pearson, 1999.
5. D.S Malik, Data Structure using C++, Second edition, Cengage Learning, 2010.
6. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms Analysis in Java", Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2011
7. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Moshe J. Augenstein, YedidyahLangsam, "Data Structures Using Java, 2003.
8. Robert Lafore, "Data Structures and Algorithms in Java, 2/E", Pearson/ Macmillan Computer Pub, 2003
9. John Hubbard, "Data Structures with JAVA", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited; 2 edition, 2009
10. Goodrich, M. and Tamassia, R. "Data Structures and Algorithms Analysis in Java", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2013
11. Herbert Schildt, "Java The Complete Reference (English) 9th Edition Paperback", Tata McGraw Hill, 2014.
12. D. S. Malik, P.S. Nair, "Data Structures Using Java", Course Technology, 2003.

**CC 32: Operating Systems****[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]****Unit 1: Introduction (10 Lectures)**

Basic OS functions, resource abstraction, types of operating systems—multiprogramming systems, batch systems, time sharing systems; operating systems for personal computers &amp; workstations, process control &amp; real time systems.

## **Unit 2: Operating System Organization (6 Lectures)**

Processor and user modes, kernels, system calls and system programs.

## **Unit 3: Process Management (20 Lectures)**

System view of the process and resources, process abstraction, process hierarchy, threads, threading issues, thread libraries; Process Scheduling, non-pre-emptive and pre-emptive scheduling algorithms; concurrent and processes, critical section, semaphores, methods for inter-process communication; deadlocks.

## **Unit 4: Memory Management (10 Lectures)**

Physical and virtual address space; memory allocation strategies - fixed and variable partitions, paging, segmentation, virtual memory

## **Unit 5: File and I/O Management (10 Lectures)**

Directory structure, file operations, file allocation methods, device management.

## **Unit 6: Protection and Security (4 Lectures)**

Policy mechanism, Authentication, Internal access Authorization.

### **Suggested Readings:**

1. A Silberschatz, P.B. Galvin, G. Gagne, Operating Systems Concepts, 8th Edition, John Wiley Publications 2008.
2. A.S. Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systems, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education 2007.
3. G. Nutt, Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, 2nd Edition Pearson Education 1997.
4. W. Stallings, Operating Systems, Internals & Design Principles, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India. 2008.
5. M. Milenkovic, Operating Systems- Concepts and design, Tata McGraw Hill 1992.
6. Operating Systems, A K Sharma, University Press

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## **CC 33: Computer Networks**

**[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]**

### **Unit 1: Introduction to Computer Networks (8 Lectures)**

Network definition; network topologies; network classifications; network protocol; layered network architecture; overview of OSI reference model; overview of TCP/IP protocol suite.

### **Unit 2: Data Communication Fundamentals and Techniques (10 Lectures)**

Analog and digital signal; data-rate limits; digital to digital line encoding schemes; pulse code modulation; parallel and serial transmission; digital to analog modulation-; multiplexing techniques- FDM, TDM; transmission media.

### **Unit 3: Networks Switching Techniques and Access mechanisms (10 Lectures)**

Circuit switching; packet switching- connectionless datagram switching, connection-oriented virtual circuit switching; dial-up modems; digital subscriber line; cable TV for data transfer.

### **Unit 4: Data Link Layer Functions and Protocol (10 Lectures)**

Error detection and error correction techniques; data-link control- framing and flow control; error recovery protocols- stop and wait ARQ, go-back-n ARQ; Point to Point Protocol on Internet.

### **Unit 5: Multiple Access Protocol and Networks (5 Lectures)**

CSMA/CD protocols; Ethernet LANs; connecting LAN and back-bone networks- repeaters, hubs, switches, bridges, router and gateways;

### **Unit 6: Networks Layer Functions and Protocols (6 Lectures)**

Routing; routing algorithms; network layer protocol of Internet- IP protocol, Internet control protocols

### **Unit 7: Transport Layer Functions and Protocols (6 Lectures)**

Transport services- error and flow control, Connection establishment and release- three way handshaking

### **Unit 8: Overview of Application layer protocol (5 Lectures)**

Overview of DNS protocol; overview of WWW & HTTP protocol

## Suggested Readings:

1. B. A. Forouzan: Data Communications and Networking, Fourth edition, THM,2007.
2. A. S. Tanenbaum: Computer Networks, Fourth edition, PHI , 2002

### GE 34:General Elective-3

Select another distinct paper from the previously chosen discipline and follow the respective syllabus.

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### CC 31L: Data Structures Lab

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. Write a program to search an element from a list. Give user the option to perform Linear or Binary search. Use Template functions.
2. WAP using templates to sort a list of elements. Give user the option to perform sorting using Insertion sort, Bubble sort or Selection sort.
3. Implement Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list and concatenate two linked lists (include a function and also overload operator +).
4. Implement Doubly Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list.
5. Implement Circular Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list.
6. Perform Stack operations using Linked List implementation.
7. Perform Stack operations using Array implementation. Use Templates.
8. Perform Queues operations using Circular Array implementation. Use Templates.
9. Create and perform different operations on Double-ended Queues using Linked List implementation.
10. WAP to scan a polynomial using linked list and add two polynomial.
11. WAP to calculate factorial and to compute the factors of a given no. (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
12. WAP to display fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
13. WAP to calculate GCD of 2 number (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion
14. WAP to create a Binary Search Tree and include following operations in tree:
  - (i) Insertion (Recursive and Iterative Implementation)
  - (ii) Deletion by copying
  - (iii) Deletion by Merging
  - (iv) Search a no. in BST
  - (v) Display its preorder, postorder and inorder traversals Recursively
  - (vi) Display its preorder, postorder and inorder traversals Iteratively
  - (vii) Display its level-by-level traversals
  - (viii) Count the non-leaf nodes and leaf nodes
  - (ix) Display height of tree
  - (x) Create a mirror image of tree
  - (xi) Check whether two BSTs are equal or not
15. WAP to convert the Sparse Matrix into non-zero form and vice-versa.
16. WAP to reverse the order of the elements in the stack using additional stack.
17. WAP to reverse the order of the elements in the stack using additional Queue.
18. WAP to implement Diagonal Matrix using one-dimensional array.
19. WAP to implement Lower Triangular Matrix using one-dimensional array.
20. WAP to implement Upper Triangular Matrix using one-dimensional array.
21. WAP to implement Symmetric Matrix using one-dimensional array.
22. WAP to create a Threaded Binary Tree as per inorder traversal, and implement operations like finding the successor / predecessor of an element, insert an element, inorder traversal.
23. WAP to implement various operations on AVL Tree.

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### CC 32L: Operating Systems Lab

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

### [Implement the following program using C/ C++/Java]

1. WRITE A PROGRAM (using *fork()* and/or *exec()* commands) where parent and child execute:
  - a. same program, same code.
  - b. same program, different code.
  - c. before terminating, the parent waits for the child to finish its task.
2. WRITE A PROGRAM to report behaviour of Linux kernel including kernel version, CPU type and model. (CPU information)
3. WRITE A PROGRAM to report behaviour of Linux kernel including information on configured memory, amount of free and used memory. (memory information)
4. WRITE A PROGRAM to print file details including owner access permissions, file access time, where file name is given as argument.
5. WRITE A PROGRAM to copy files using system calls.
6. Write program to implement FCFS scheduling algorithm.
7. Write program to implement Round Robin scheduling algorithm.
8. Write program to implement SJF scheduling algorithm.
9. Write program to implement non-preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.
10. Write program to implement preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.
11. Write program to implement SRJF scheduling algorithm.
12. Write program to calculate sum of n numbers using *thread* library.
13. Write a program to implement first-fit, best-fit and worst-fit allocation strategies.

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### CC 33L: Computer Networks Lab

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. Simulate Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) error detection algorithm for noisy channel.
2. Simulate and implement stop and wait protocol for noisy channel.
3. Simulate and implement go back n sliding window protocol.
4. Simulate and implement selective repeat sliding window protocol.
5. Simulate and implement distance vector routing algorithm
6. Simulate and implement Dijkstra algorithm for shortest path routing.

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### GE 34TL:

Tutorial or Lab corresponding to the chosen paper for GE 34. Thus follows the syllabus of the chosen discipline.

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### SEC 35TL: Any one from the list (E1-E4)

#### E1: Digital Electronics and System Maintenance

[15 Lectures +30 Labs]

##### Unit 1: Boolean Logics (5 Lectures)

Fundamentals of Boolean algebra: Boolean operations, Expressions and Truth-Tables, De Morgan's laws, Minterms and Maxterms, conversion between SOP and POS expressions, Reductions of expressions- algebraic and K-Map methods.

##### Unit 2: Digital Electronics(5 Lectures)

Basic Logic Gates (NOT, AND, OR), Universal Gates (NAND, NOR), Derived Gates (XOR, XNOR) and truth-tables and applications, Logic Families, Logic Levels, propagation delay; Combinational logic circuits, Half and full adder, parallel binary adder, half and full subtractor; commercially available adders/subtractors, comparator, decoders, encoders, multiplexer, de-multiplexer, Parity generators/ checkers; Flip-Flops: RS, D and JK Flip-Flops, Master-Slave design and edge-triggering; Registers: types and applications; Counters: types and applications.



### **Unit 3: Desktop/PC HW Maintenance (3 Lectures)**

Introduction to computer HW and system SW, basic blocks and their functions, preliminary troubleshooting in each block, identification and preliminary knowledge about popular HW devices- PLA, FPGA, EPROM eraser and programmer, Modem, Microprocessor Kit, I/O devices, Network Devices

### **Unit 4: OS Installation and System Maintenance (2 Lectures)**

Installing different types of OS and utility SW, System Maintenance: OS troubleshooting and system recovery, System Backup, Disk Defragmentation, Disk Management: Creating/removing partitions, Formatting partitions, adding new partitions; Installation and Running of Antivirus SW, Installing and uninstalling application SW packages.

### **Lab Based on Digital Electronics and System Maintenance:**

Digital IC's and implementation of various combinational and sequential circuits based on theory and their practical applications.

### **Suggested Readings:**

1. Gill, Nasib Singh and Dixit J.B., Digital Design and Computer Organisation, University Science Press (Laxmi Publications), New Delhi.
2. Mano, M.M., Digital Logic and Computer Design, Prentice-Hall of India.
3. Mano, M.M., Digital Design, Prentice-Hall of India.
4. Anand Kumar, Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, PHI.
5. Tokheim, Digital Electronics, TMH.
6. S. Rangnekar; Digital Electronics, ISTE/ EXCEL
7. J. Chakravorty, Digital Electronics and Logic Design, Orient Blackswan Pvt Ltd.
8. S K Mandal, Digital Electronics, Tata-Mcgraw Hill

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## **E2: Website Design with HTML and PHP**

**[15 Lectures+ 30Labs]**

### **Unit 1: Introduction (1 Lectures)**

Introduction to Markup Languages and HTML, need and use; the Head, the Body, Colors, Attributes, Lists, ordered and unordered

### **Unit 2: Links, Images and Tables (3 Lectures)**

Introduction; Relative Links, Absolute Links; Link Attributes; Using the ID Attribute to Link Within a Document; Putting an Image on a Page, Using Images as Links, Putting an Image in the Background, Creating a Table, Table Headers, Captions, Spanning Multiple Columns, Styling Table

### **Unit 3: Introduction to XML(4 Lectures)**

Introduction to XML and its Goals, XML Structure and Syntax, Document classes and Rules, Scripting XML, XML as Data, Linking with XML, XSL –Style Sheet Basics, XSL basics, XSL style sheets. (3L)

### **Unit 4: Introduction to PHP(3 Lectures)**

PHP introduction, inventions and versions, scope, important tools and software requirements (like Web Server, Database, Editors etc.), Basic Syntax, PHP variables and constants, Types of data in PHP, Expressions, scopes of a variable (local, global), PHP Operators: Arithmetic, Assignment, Relational, Logical operators, Bitwise, ternary and MOD operator, PHP operator Precedence and associativity

### **Unit 5: Handling HTML form with PHP(2 Lectures)**

Basic Input and Attributes, Other Kinds of Inputs, Styling forms with CSS, Where to Go from Here Capturing Form Data, GET and POST form methods, Dealing with multi value fields, Redirecting a form after submission

### **Unit 6: PHP conditional events and Loops(3 Lectures)**

PHP IF Else conditional statements (Nested IF and Else), Switch case, while, For and Do While Loops, Goto, Break, Continue and exit

### **Unit 7: PHP Functions(3 Lectures)**

Function, Need of Function, declaration and calling of a function, PHP Function with arguments, Default Arguments in Function, Function argument with call by value, call by reference, Scope of Function Global and Local

## Unit 8: String Manipulation and Regular Expression (5 Lectures)

Creating and accessing String , Searching & Replacing String; Formatting, joining and splitting String , String Related Library functions; Use and advantage of regular expression over inbuilt function; Use of preg\_match(), preg\_replace(), preg\_split() functions in regular expression

## Unit 9: Array (3 Lectures)

Anatomy of an Array ,Creating index based and Associative array ,Accessing array; Looping with Index based array, with associative array using each() and foreach(); Some useful Library function

### Suggested Readings:

1. Virginia DeBolt , Integrated HTML and CSS A Smarter, Faster Way to Learn , Wiley / Sybex , 2006
2. Cassidy Williams, Camryn Williams Introduction to HTML and CSS, O'Reilly, 2015
3. XML in action web technology by William J. Pardi
4. Step by Step XML by Michael J. Young
5. Steven Holzner, "PHP: The Complete Reference Paperback", McGraw Hill Education (India), 2007.
6. Timothy Boronczyk, Martin E. Psinas, "PHP and MYSQL (Create-Modify-Reuse)", Wiley India Private Limited, 2008.
7. Robin Nixon, "Learning PHP, MySQL, JavaScript, CSS & HTML5", 3rd Edition Paperback, O'reilly, 2014.
8. Luke Welling, Laura Thompson, PHP and MySQL Web Development", 4th Edition, Addition Paperback, Addison-Wesley Professional,2008.
9. David Sklar, Adam Trachtenberg, "PHP Cookbook: Solutions & Examples for PHP Programmers", 2014.

### Software Lab Based on HTML, XML and PHP(Not limited but including the following):

1. Create an HTML document with the different formatting options i.e. Bold, Italics, Underline, Headings (Using H1 to H6 heading styles), Font (Type, Size and Color), Background (Colored background/Image in background), Paragraph, Line Break, Horizontal Rule, Pre tag
2. Create an HTML document which consists of: Ordered List, Unordered List, Nested ordered and/or unordered List and Image
3. Create an HTML document which implements Internal linking as well as External linking Q. No.4.
4. Create a table using HTML demonstrating use of columns and rows, merging multiple rows and/or columns etc.with data and image values and contents with hyperlinking
5. Create a typical student data capture form for the purpose of admission to your college using different types of HTML controls i.e. Text Box, Option/radio buttons, Check boxes, Reset and Submit buttons etc.
6. Create HTML documents having multiple frames in different possible formats/organization
7. Information Structure: In this exercise, student will practice identifying the structure of an information object
8. Deconstructing an XML Document: In this exercise, student will practice identifying the explicit structure within an XML document. In a sense, this is the reverse of what you did in Exercise #7.
9. Creating XML Markup:In this exercise, create some XML markup based on the tree representation from previous exercise and the content from the original sample document.
10. Well-Formedness:This exercise checks your understanding of the constraints for well-formedness based on some sample code document to be provided by the concerned teacher. Are the supplied code document instances well-formed? Explain any NO answers.
11. Create a PHP page using functions for comparing three integers and print the largest number.
12. Write a function to calculate the factorial of a number (non-negative integer). The function accept the number as an argument.
13. WAP to check whether the given number is prime or not.
14. Create a PHP page which accepts string from user. After submission that page displays the reverse of provided string.
15. Write a PHP function that checks if a string is all lower case.
16. Write a PHP script that checks whether a passed string is palindrome or not? ( A palindrome is word, phrase, or sequence that reads the same backward as forward, e.g., madam or nurses run)
17. WAP to sort an array.
18. Write a PHP script that removes the whitespaces from a string.  
Sample string: 'The quick " " brown fox'  
Expected Output :  
Thequick""brownfox
19. Write a PHP script that finds out the sum of first n odd numbers.

20. Create a login page having user name and password. On clicking submit, a welcome message should be displayed if the user is already registered (i.e.name is present in the database) otherwise error message should be displayed.
21. Write a PHP script that checks if a string contains another string.
22. Create a simple 'birthday countdown' script, the script will count the number of days between current day and birth day.
23. Create a script to construct the following pattern, using nested for loop.
 

```
*
* *
* * *
* * * *
```
24. Write a simple PHP program to check that emails are valid.
25. WAP to print first n even numbers.
26. \$color = array('white', 'green', 'red")
 

Write a PHP script which will display the colors in the following way

: Output :

```
white, green, red,
• green
• red
• white
```
27. Using switch case and dropdown list display a —Hello! message depending on the language selected in dropdown list.
28. Write a PHP program to print Fibonacci series using recursion.
29. Write a PHP script to replace the first 'the' of the following string with 'That'.
 

Sample : 'the quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.'

Expected Result : That quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.

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## E3: Python Programming

[15 Lectures + 30 Labs]

### Unit 1: Planning the Computer Program(2 Lectures)

Concept of problem solving, Problem definition, Program design, Debugging, Types of errors in programming, Documentation

### Unit 2: Techniques of Problem Solving(2 Lectures)

Flowcharting, decision table, algorithms, Structured programming concepts, Programming methodologies viz. top-down and bottom-up programming.

### Unit 3: Overview of Programming(3 Lectures)

Structure of a Python Program, Elements of Python

### Unit 4: Introduction to Python(4 Lectures)

Python Interpreter, Using Python as calculator, Python shell, Indentation. Atoms, Identifiers and keywords, Literals, Strings, Operators (Arithmetic operator, Relational operator, Logical or Boolean operator, Assignment, Operator, Ternary operator, Bit wise operator, Increment or Decrement operator)

### Unit 5: Creating Python Programs(4 Lectures)

Input and Output Statements, Control statements(Branching, Looping, Conditional Statement, Exit function, Difference between break, continue and pass.), Defining Functions, default arguments.

### Suggested Readings:

1. T. Budd, Exploring Python, TMH, 1st Ed, 2011
2. Python Tutorial/Documentation [www.python.org](http://www.python.org) 2015
3. Allen Downey, Jeffrey Elkner, Chris Meyers , How to think like a computer scientist : learning with Python , Freely available online.2012
4. <http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html>
5. <http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds>
6. <http://www.ibiblio.org/g2swap/byteofpython/read/>

### Software Lab Based on Python:

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

#### Section: A (Simple programs)

1. Write a menu driven program to convert the given temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius and vice versa depending upon users choice.
2. WAP to calculate total marks, percentage and grade of a student. Marks obtained in each of the three subjects are to be input by the user. Assign grades according to the following criteria :
  - a. Grade A: Percentage  $\geq 80$
  - b. Grade B: Percentage  $\geq 70$  and  $< 80$
  - c. Grade C: Percentage  $\geq 60$  and  $< 70$
  - d. Grade D: Percentage  $\geq 40$  and  $< 60$
  - e. Grade E: Percentage  $< 40$
3. Write a menu-driven program, using user-defined functions to find the area of rectangle, square, circle and triangle by accepting suitable input parameters from user.
4. WAP to display the first n terms of Fibonacci series.
5. WAP to find factorial of the given number.
6. WAP to find sum of the following series for n terms:  $1 - 2/2! + 3/3! - \dots - n/n!$
7. WAP to calculate the sum and product of two compatible matrices.

#### Section: B (Visual Python):

*All the programs should be written using user defined functions, wherever possible.*

1. Write a menu-driven program to create mathematical 3D objects
  - a. curve
  - b. sphere
  - c. cone
  - d. arrow
  - e. ring
  - f. cylinder
2. WAP to read n integers and display them as a histogram.
3. WAP to display sine, cosine, polynomial and exponential curves.
4. WAP to plot a graph of people with pulse rate p vs. height h. The values of p and h are to be entered by the user.
5. WAP to calculate the mass m in a chemical reaction. The mass m (in gms) disintegrates according to the formula  $m=60/(t+2)$ , where t is the time in hours. Sketch a graph for t vs. m, where  $t \geq 0$ .
6. A population of 1000 bacteria is introduced into a nutrient medium. The population p grows as follows:  
 $P(t) = (15000(1+t))/(15+ e)$   
where the time t is measured in hours. WAP to determine the size of the population at given time t and plot a graph for P vs t for the specified time interval.
7. Input initial velocity and acceleration, and plot the following graphs depicting equations of motion:
  - a. velocity wrt time ( $v=u+at$ )
  - b. distance wrt time ( $s=u*t+0.5*a*t*t$ )
  - c. distance wrt velocity ( $s=(v*v-u*u)/2*a$ )
8. WAP to show a ball bouncing between 2 walls.

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----- End of Semester III-----

**CC 41: Design and Analysis of Algorithms****[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]****Unit 1: Introduction (5 Lectures)**

Basic Design and Analysis techniques of Algorithms, Correctness of Algorithm

**Unit 2: Algorithm Design Techniques (8 Lectures)**

Iterative techniques, Divide and Conquer, Dynamic Programming, Greedy Algorithms

**Unit 3: Sorting and Searching Techniques (20 Lectures)**

Elementary sorting techniques–Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Advanced Sorting techniques - Heap Sort, Quick Sort, Sorting in Linear Time - Bucket Sort, Radix Sort and Count Sort, Searching Techniques, Medians &amp; Order Statistics, complexity analysis;

**Unit 4: Lower Bounding Techniques (5 Lectures)**

Decision Trees

**Unit 5: Balanced Trees (7 Lectures)**

Red-Black Trees

**Unit 6: Advanced Analysis Technique (5 Lectures)**

Amortized analysis

**Unit 7: Graphs (5 Lectures)**

Graph Algorithms–Breadth First Search, Depth First Search and its Applications, Minimum Spanning Trees.

**Unit 8: String Processing (5 Lectures)**

String Matching, KMP Technique

**Suggested Readings:**

1. T.H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein Introduction to Algorithms, PHI, 3rd Edition 2009
2. Sarabasse & A.V. Gelder Computer Algorithm – Introduction to Design and Analysis, Publisher – Pearson 3rd Edition 1999
3. Rajesh K. Shukla, Analysis and Design of Algorithms: A Beginner's Approach, Wiley

**CC 42: Software Engineering****[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]****Unit 1: Introduction (8 Lectures)**

The Evolving Role of Software, Software Characteristics, Changing Nature of Software, Software Engineering as a Layered Technology, Software Process Framework, Framework and Umbrella Activities, Process Models, Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI).

**Unit 2: Requirement Analysis (10 Lectures)**

Software Requirement Analysis, Initiating Requirement Engineering Process, Requirement Analysis and Modeling Techniques, Flow Oriented Modeling, Need for SRS, Characteristics and Components of SRS.

**Unit 3: Software Project Management (8 Lectures)**

Estimation in Project Planning Process, Project Scheduling

**Unit 4: Risk Management (8 Lectures)**

Software Risks, Risk Identification, Risk Projection and Risk Refinement, RMMM Plan.

**Unit 5: Quality Management (8 Lectures)**

Quality Concepts, Software Quality Assurance, Software Reviews, Metrics for Process and Projects.

### Unit 6: Design Engineering (10 Lectures)

Design Concepts, Architectural Design Elements, Software Architecture, Data Design at the Architectural Level and Component Level, Mapping of Data Flow into Software Architecture, Modeling Component Level Design.

### Unit 7: Testing Strategies & Tactics (8 Lectures)

Software Testing Fundamentals, Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Validation Testing, System testing, Black-Box Testing, White-Box Testing and their type, Basis Path Testing.

#### Suggested Readings:

1. R.S. Pressman, Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach (7th Edition), McGraw-Hill, 2009.
2. P. Jalote, An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering (2nd Edition), Narosa Publishing House, 2003.
3. K.K. Aggarwal and Y. Singh, Software Engineering (2nd Edition), New Age International Publishers, 2008.
4. I. Sommerville, Software Engineering (8th edition), Addison Wesley, 2006.
5. D. Bell, Software Engineering for Students (4th Edition), Addison-Wesley, 2005.
6. R. Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering (2nd Edition), Prentice-Hall of India, 2004.

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## CC 43: Database Management Systems

[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]

### Unit 1: Introduction (6 Lectures)

Characteristics of database approach, data models, database system architecture and data independence.

### Unit 2: Entity Relationship(ER) Modeling (8 Lectures)

Entity types, relationships, constraints.

### Unit 3: Relation data model (20 Lectures)

Relational model concepts, relational constraints, relational algebra, SQL queries

### Unit 4: Database design (15 Lectures)

Mapping ER/EER model to relational database, functional dependencies, Lossless decomposition, Normal forms (upto BCNF).

### Unit 5: Transaction Processing (3 Lectures)

ACID properties, concurrency control

### Unit 6: File Structure and Indexing (8 Lectures)

Operations on files, File of Unordered and ordered records, overview of File organizations, Indexing structures for files (Primary index, secondary index, clustering index), Multilevel indexing using B and B+ trees.

#### Suggested Readings:

1. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.
2. R. Ramakrishnan, J. Gehrke, Database Management Systems 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2002.
3. A. Silberschatz, H.F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Database System Concepts 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2010.
4. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe Database Systems Models, Languages, Design and application Programming, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
5. Database Book: The Principles and Practices Using MySQL, Narain Gehani, University Press

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## GE 44: General Elective-4

Select another distinct paper from the previously chosen discipline and follow the respective syllabus.

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## CC 41L: Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. Implement Insertion Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons)
2. Implement Merge Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons)
3. Implement Heap Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons)

4. Implement Randomized Quick sort (The program should report the number of comparisons)
5. Implement Radix Sort
6. Create a Red-Black Tree and perform following operations on it:
  - 6.1. Insert a node
  - 6.2. Delete a node
  - 6.3. Search for a number & also report the color of the node containing this number.
7. Write a program to determine the LCS of two given sequences
8. Implement Breadth-First Search in a graph
9. Implement Depth-First Search in a graph
10. Write a program to determine the minimum spanning tree of a graph
11. For the algorithms at S.No 1 to 3 test run the algorithm on 100 different inputs of sizes varying from 30 to 1000. Count the number of comparisons and draw the graph. Compare it with a graph of  $n \log n$ .

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### CC 42L: Software Engineering Lab

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

S. No.	Practical Title
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Problem Statement,</li> <li>• Process Model</li> </ul>
2	Requirement Analysis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Creating a Data Flow</li> <li>• Data Dictionary, Use Cases</li> </ul>
3	Project Management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Computing FP</li> <li>• Effort</li> <li>• Schedule, Risk Table, Timeline chart</li> </ul>
4	Design Engineering: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Architectural Design</li> <li>• Data Design, Component Level Design</li> </ul>
5	Testing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Basis Path Testing</li> </ul>

#### Sample Projects:

1. **Criminal Record Management:** Implement a criminal record management system for jailers, police officers and CBI officers
2. **DTC Route Information:** Online information about the bus routes and their frequency and fares
3. **Car Pooling:** To maintain a web based intranet application that enables the corporate employees within an organization to avail the facility of carpooling effectively.
4. Patient Appointment and Prescription Management System
5. Organized Retail Shopping Management Software
6. Online Hotel Reservation Service System
7. Examination and Result computation system
8. Automatic Internal Assessment System
9. Parking Allocation System
10. Wholesale Management System

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### CC 43L: Database Management Systems Lab

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

Create and use the following database schema to answer the given queries.

### EMPLOYEE Schema

Field	Type	NULL	KEY	DEFAULT
Eno	Char(3)	NO	PRI	NIL
Ename	Varchar(50)	NO		NIL
Job_type	Varchar(50)	NO		NIL
Manager	Char(3)	Yes	FK	NIL
Hire_date	Date	NO		NIL
Dno	Integer	YES	FK	NIL
Commission	Decimal(10,2)	YES		NIL
Salary	Decimal(7,2)	NO		NIL

### DEPARTMENT Schema

Field	Type	NULL	KEY	DEFAULT
Dno	Integer	No	PRI	NULL
Dname	Varchar(50)	Yes		NULL
Location	Varchar(50)	Yes		New Delhi

### Query List:

1. Query to display Employee Name, Job, Hire Date, Employee Number; for each employee with the Employee Number appearing first.
2. Query to display unique Jobs from the Employee Table.
3. Query to display the Employee Name concatenated by a Job separated by a comma.
4. Query to display all the data from the Employee Table. Separate each Column by a comma and name the said column as THE\_OUTPUT.
5. Query to display the Employee Name and Salary of all the employees earning more than \$2850.
6. Query to display Employee Name and Department Number for the Employee No= 7900.
7. Query to display Employee Name and Salary for all employees whose salary is not in the range of \$1500 and \$2850.
8. Query to display Employee Name and Department No. of all the employees in Dept 10 and Dept 30 in the alphabetical order by name.
9. Query to display Name and Hire Date of every Employee who was hired in 1981.
10. Query to display Name and Job of all employees who don't have a current Manager.
11. Query to display the Name, Salary and Commission for all the employees who earn commission.
12. Sort the data in descending order of Salary and Commission.
13. Query to display Name of all the employees where the third letter of their name is A.
14. Query to display Name of all employees either have two R's or have two A's in their name and are either in Dept No = 30 or their Manger's Employee No = 7788.
15. Query to display Name, Salary and Commission for all employees whose Commission Amount is 14 greater than their Salary increased by 5%.
16. Query to display the Current Date.
17. Query to display Name, Hire Date and Salary Review Date which is the 1st Monday after six months of employment.
18. Query to display Name and calculate the number of months between today and the date each employee was hired.
19. Query to display the following for each employee <E-Name> earns < Salary> monthly but wants < 3 \* Current Salary >. Label the Column as Dream Salary.
20. Query to display Name with the 1st letter capitalized and all other letter lower case and length of their name of all the employees whose name starts with J, A and M.
21. Query to display Name, Hire Date and Day of the week on which the employee started.
22. Query to display Name, Department Name and Department No for all the employees.
23. Query to display Unique Listing of all Jobs that are in Department # 30.
24. Query to display Name, Dept Name of all employees who have an A in their name.
25. Query to display Name, Job, Department No. And Department Name for all the employees working at the Dallas location.
26. Query to display Name and Employee no. Along with their Manger's Name and the Manager's employee no; along with the Employees' Name who do not have a Manager.



27. Query to display Name, Dept No. And Salary of any employee whose department No. and salary matches both the department no. And the salary of any employee who earns a commission.
28. Query to display Name and Salaries represented by asterisks, where each asterisk (\*) signifies \$100.
29. Query to display the Highest, Lowest, Sum and Average Salaries of all the employees
30. Query to display the number of employees performing the same Job type functions.
31. Query to display the no. of managers without listing their names.
32. Query to display the Department Name, Location Name, No. of Employees and the average salary for all employees in that department.
33. Query to display Name and Hire Date for all employees in the same dept. as Blake.
34. Query to display the Employee No. And Name for all employees who earn more than the average salary.
35. Query to display Employee Number and Name for all employees who work in a department with any employee whose name contains a \_T^.
36. Query to display the names and salaries of all employees who report to King.
37. Query to display the department no, name and job for all employees in the Sales department.

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#### GE 44TL:

Tutorial or Lab corresponding to the chosen paper for GE 44. Thus follows the syllabus of the chosen discipline.

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#### SEC 45TL: Any one from the list (E1-E3)

#### E1: Android Programming

[15 Lectures +30 Labs]

##### Unit 1: Introduction (2 Lectures)

History of Android, Introduction to Android Operating Systems, Android Development Tools, Android Architecture.

##### Unit 2: Overview of object oriented programming using Java (4 Lectures)

OOPs Concepts: Inheritance, Polymorphism, Interfaces, Abstract class, Threads, Overloading and Overriding, Java Virtual Machine.

##### Unit 3: Development Tools (5 Lectures)

Installing and using Eclipse with ADT plug-in, Installing Virtual machine for Android sandwich/Jelly bean (Emulator), configuring the installed tools, creating a android project – Hello Word, run on emulator, Deploy it on USB-connected Android device.

##### Unit 4: User Interface Architecture (2 Lectures)

Application context, intents, Activity life cycle, multiple screen sizes.

##### Unit 5: User Interface Design (2 Lectures)

Form widgets, Text Fields, Layouts, Button control, toggle buttons, Spinners (Combo boxes), Images, Menu, Dialog.

##### Unit 6: Database (2 Lectures)

Understanding of SQLite database, connecting with the database.

#### Suggested Readings:

1. Pradeep Kothari, Android Application Development: Black book, Dreamtech Press,
2. James C. Sheusi, Android application development for java programmers, Cengage Learning, 2013.

#### ONLINE READING / SUPPORTING MATERIAL:

1. <http://www.developer.android.com>
2. <http://developer.android.com/about/versions/index.html>
3. <http://developer.android.com/training/basics/firstapp/index.html>
4. <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/index.htm> (Available in the form of free downloadable ebooks also).
5. <http://developer.android.com/guide/components/activities.html>
6. <http://developer.android.com/guide/components/fundamentals.html>
7. <http://developer.android.com/guide/components/intents-filters.html>.
8. <http://developer.android.com/training/multiscreen/screensizes.html>

9. <http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/ui/controls.html>
10. <http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/ui/declaring-layout.html>
11. <http://developer.android.com/training/basics/data-storage/databases.html>

### Software Lab Based on Android Programming:

1. Create —Hello World application. That will display —Hello World in the middle of the screen in the emulator. Also display —Hello World in the middle of the screen in the Android Phone.
2. Create an application with login module. (Check username and password).
3. Create spinner with strings taken from resource folder (res >> value folder) and on changing the spinner value, Image will change.
4. Create a menu with 5 options and selected option should appear in text box.
5. Create a list of all courses in your college and on selecting a particular course teacher-in-charge of that course should appear at the bottom of the screen.
6. Create an application with three option buttons, on selecting a button colour of the screen will change.
7. Create and Login application as above. On successful login, pop up the message.
8. Create an application to Create, Insert, update, Delete and retrieve operation on the database.

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## E2: Programming in MATLAB

[15 Lectures + 30 Labs]

### Unit 1: Introduction to Programming(2 Lectures)

Components of a computer, working with numbers, Machine code, Software hierarchy.

### Unit 2: Programming Environment(3 Lectures)

MATLAB Windows, A First Program, Expressions, Constants, Variables and assignment statement, Arrays.

### Unit 3: Graph Plots(2 Lectures)

Basic plotting, Built in functions, Generating waveforms, Sound replay, load and save.

### Unit 4: Procedures and Functions(3 Lectures)

Arguments and return values, M-files, Formatted console input-output, String handling.

### Unit 5: Control Statements(2 Lectures)

If, Else, Else-if, Repetition statements: While, for loop.

### Unit 6: Manipulating Text (2 Lectures)

Writing to a text file, Reading from a text file, Randomising and sorting a list, searching a list.

### Unit 7: GUI Interface(2 Lectures)

Attaching buttons to actions, Getting Input, Setting Output.

### Suggested Readings:

1. MATLAB: An Introduction with Applications, by Amos Gilat, 2nd edition, Wiley, 2004,
2. C.B. Moler, Numerical Computing with MATLAB, SIAM, 2004.

### Software Lab Based on MATLAB:

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. Write a program to assign the following expressions to a variable A and then to print out the value of A.
  - a.  $(3+4)/(5+6)$    b.  $2\pi^2$    c.  $\sqrt{2}$    d.  $(0.0000123 + 5.67 \times 10^{-3}) \times 0.4567 \times 10^{-4}$
2. Celsius temperatures can be converted to Fahrenheit by multiplying by 9, dividing by 5, and adding 32. Assign a variable called C the value 37, and implement this formula to assign a variable F the Fahrenheit equivalent of 37 Celsius.
3. Set up a vector called N with five elements having the values: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Using N, create assignment statements for a vector X which will result in X having these values:
  - a. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10
  - b. 1/2, 1, 3/2, 2, 5/2
  - c. 1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, 1/5
  - d. 1, 1/4, 1/9, 1/16, 1/25

4. A supermarket conveyor belt holds an array of groceries. The price of each product (in pounds) is [ 0.6, 1.2, 0.5, 1.3 ] ; while the numbers of each product are [ 3, 2, 1, 5 ]. Use MATLAB to calculate the total bill.
5. The sortrows(x) function will sort a vector or matrix X into increasing row order. Use this function to sort a list of names into alphabetical order.
6. The —identity matrix is a square matrix that has ones on the diagonal and zeros elsewhere. You can generate one with the eye() function in MATLAB. Use MATLAB to find a matrix B, such that when multiplied by matrix A=[ 1 2; -1 0 ] the identity matrix I=[ 1 0; 0 1 ] is generated. That is A\*B=I.
7. Create an array of N numbers. Now find a single MATLAB statement that picks out from that array the 1,4,9,16,...,√Nth entries, i.e. those numbers which have indices that are square numbers.
8. Draw a graph that joins the points (0,1), (4,3), (2,0) and (5,-2).
9. The seeds on a sunflower are distributed according to the formula below. Plot a small circle at each of the first 1000 co-ordinates :

$$r_n = \sqrt{n}$$

$$\theta_n = \frac{137.51}{180} \pi n$$

10. Calculate 10 approximate points from the function  $y=2x$  by using the formulae:
  - a. i.  $x_n = n$
  - b. ii.  $y_n = 2n + \text{rand} - 0.5$
 Fit a line of best fit to these points using the function polyfit() with degree=1, and generate co-ordinates from the line of best fit using polyval(). Use the on-line help to find out how to use these functions. Plot the raw data and the line of best fit.
11. Calculate and replay 1 second of a sinewave at 500Hz with a sampling rate of 11025Hz. Save the sound to a file called "ex35.wav". Plot the first 100 samples.
12. Calculate and replay a 2 second chirp. That is, a sinusoid that steadily increases in frequency with time, from say 250Hz at the start to 1000Hz at the end.
13. Build a square wave by adding together 10 odd harmonics: 1f, 3f, 5f, etc. The amplitude of the nth harmonic should be 1/n. Display a graph of one cycle of the result superimposed on the individual harmonics.
14. Write a function called FtoC (ftoc.m) to convert Fahrenheit temperatures into Celsius. Make sure the program has a title comment and a help page. Test from the command window with:
  - a. FtoC(96)
  - b. lookfor Fahrenheit
  - c. help FtoC
15. Write a program to input 2 strings from the user and to print out (i) the concatenation of the two strings with a space between them, (ii) a line of asterisks the same length as the concatenated strings, and (iii) the reversed concatenation. For example:
  - a. Enter string 1: Mark
  - b. Enter string 2: Huckvale
  - c. Mark Huckvale
  - d. \*\*\*\*\*
  - e. elavkcuHkraM

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## E3: VB.NET Programming

[15 Lectures + 30 Labs]

### Unit 1: Introduction to .NET Framework (2 Lectures)

Introduction, Characteristics, Web Services; The Framework, Components, Common Language Runtime (CLR), .NET Class Framework vs. A Language - Specific Class Library;

### Unit 2: Using .NET Components (3 Lectures)

.NET Windows Forms, Web Forms and Web Services, Console Applications; Microsoft Intermediate Language (MSIL), .NET Compilers, Common Language Runtime, Code reuse, Multiple Language Support in .NET, Cross-Language Interoperability, Garbage Collection, Error Handling; .NET Class Framework, Namespaces, Inheritance: To Use vs. Not To Use, Interface Based Polymorphism vs. Inheritance-Based Polymorphism

### Unit 3: Introduction to VB.NET(5 Lectures)

Introduction, Elements, Types, Windows programming, Menus and Dialog Boxes, Using ADO.NET,

### Unit 4: Application Development and Deployment using VB.NET (5 Lectures)

Developing Components in Visual Basic .NET; Deploying Applications- Introduction to web services, Assemblies, Deploying Applications

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Introduction to Visual basic.NET - NIIT PHI, 2005
2. Introducing Microsoft .NET- David S. Platt, Microsoft Press, Saarc Edition, 2001

**Software Lab based on VB.NET:**

Students are to implement different simple suitable applications based on the VB.NET technologies to be assigned by teachers

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----- End of Semester IV-----

**CC 51: Internet Technologies****[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]****Unit 1:Java (5 Lectures)**

Use of Objects, Array and ArrayList class

**Unit 2:JavaScript (15 Lectures)**

Data types, operators, functions, control structures, events and event handling.

**Unit 3:JDBC (10 Lectures)**

JDBC Fundamentals, Establishing Connectivity and working with connection interface, working with statements, Creating and Executing SQL Statements, Working with Result Set Objects.

**Unit 4:JSP (20 Lectures)**

Introduction to Java Server Pages, HTTP and Servlet Basics, The Problem with Servlets, The Anatomy of a JSP Page, JSP Processing, JSP Application Design with MVC, Setting Up the JSP Environment, Implicit JSP Objects, Conditional Processing, Displaying Values, Using an expression to Set an Attribute, Declaring Variables and Methods, Error Handling and Debugging, Sharing Data Between JSP Pages, Requests, and Users, Database Access.

**Unit 5:Java Beans (10 Lectures)**

Java Beans Fundamentals, JAR files, Introspection, Developing a simple Bean, Connecting to DB

**Recommended Books:**

1. DT Editorial Services, Web Technologies, Dreamtech Press
2. Ivan Bayross, Web Enabled Commercial Application Development Using Html, Dhtml, javascript, Perl CGI , BPB Publications, 2009.
3. Cay Horstmann, BIG Java, Wiley Publication, 3rd Edition., 2009
4. Herbert Schildt, Java 7, The Complete Reference, 8th Edition, 2009.
5. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, TMH, 2002.
6. O'Reilly, Java Server Pages, Hans Bergsten, Third Edition, 2003.

**CC 52: Theory of Computation****[Credit: 5, Lecture Hours: 60]****Unit 1:Languages (8 Lectures)**

Alphabets, string, language, Basic Operations on language, Concatenation, KleeneStar

**Unit 2: Finite Automata and Regular Languages (20 Lectures)**

Regular Expressions, Transition Graphs, Deterministic and non-deterministic finite automata, NFA to DFA Conversion, Regular languages and their relationship with finite automata, Pumping lemma and closure properties of regular languages.

**Unit 3: Context free languages (17 Lectures)**

Context free grammars, parse trees, ambiguities in grammars and languages, Pushdown automata (Deterministic and Non-deterministic), Pumping Lemma, Properties of context free languages, normal forms.

**Unit 4: Turing Macines and Models of Computations (15 Lectures)**

RAM, Turing Machine as a model of computation, Universal Turing Machine, Language acceptability, decidability, halting problem, Recursively enumerable and recursive languages, unsolvability problems.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Daniel I.A.Cohen, Introduction to computer theory, John Wiley,1996
2. Lewis & Papadimitriou, Elements of the theory of computation , PHI 1997.
3. Hoperoft, Aho, Ullman, Introduction to Automata theory, Language & Computation –3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education. 2006
4. P. Linz, An Introduction to Formal Language and Automata 4th edition Publication Jones Bartlett, 2006

**DSE 53:DSE [Theory: 60 Lectures]****E1: Microprocessor****[Theory: 60 Lectures]****Unit 1: Microprocessor architecture (20 Lectures)**

Internal architecture, system bus architecture, memory and I/O interfaces

**Unit 2: Microprocessor programming (20 Lectures)**

Register Organization, instruction formats, assembly language programming

**Unit 3: Interfacing (20 Lectures)**

Memory address decoding, cache memory and cache controllers, I/O interface, keyboard, display, timer, interrupt controller, DMA controller, video controllers, communication interfaces.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Barry B. Brey: The Intel Microprocessors: Architecture, Programming and Interfacing. Pearson Education, Sixth Edition, 2009.
2. Walter A Triebel, Avtar Singh; The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware, and Applications. PHI, Fourth Edition 2005.
3. Ramesh Gaonkar; Microprocessor Architecture, Programming, And Applications With The 8085 5/E, Penram International Publishing(India)
4. B. Ram, Fundamentals of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, DhanpatRai Publications

**E2: Information Security****[Theory: 60 Lectures]****Unit 1: Introduction (5 Lectures)**

Security, Attacks, Computer Criminals, Security Services, Security Mechanisms.

**Unit 2: Cryptography (10 Lectures)**

Substitution ciphers, Transpositions Cipher, Confusion, diffusion, Symmetric, Asymmetric Encryption. DES Modes of DES, Uses of Encryption, Hash function, key exchange, Digital Signatures, Digital Certificates.

**Unit 3: Program Security (10 Lectures)**

Secure programs, Non malicious Program errors, Malicious codes virus, Trap doors, Salami attacks, Covert channels, Control against program

**Unit 4: Threats (10 Lectures)**

Protection in OS: Memory and Address Protection, Access control, File Protection, User Authentication.

**Unit 5: Database Security (10 Lectures)**

Requirements, Reliability, Integrity, Sensitive data, Inference, Multilevel Security.

**Unit 6: Security in Networks (10 Lectures)**

Threats in Networks, Security Controls, firewalls, Intrusion detection systems, Secure e-mails

**Unit 7: Administrating Security(5 Lectures)**

Security Planning, Risk Analysis, Organisational Security Policy, Physical Security. Ethical issues in Security: Protecting Programs and data. Information and law.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. C. P. Pfleeger, S. L. Pfleeger; Security in Computing, Prentice Hall of India, 2006
2. W. Stallings; Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, 4/E, 2010

**E3: Modelling and Simulation****[Theory: 60 Lectures]****Unit 1: System models and System studies (5 Lectures)**

Concept of a System, Deterministic and Stochastic Activities, Continuous and Discrete Systems, System Modeling, Types of Models, Principles used in Modeling, Corporate Model, System Design.

### **Unit 2: What is Simulation? (7 Lectures)**

Technique of Simulation, The Monte-Carlo Method, Comparison of Simulation and Analytical Methods, Experimental nature of Simulation, Types of System Simulation, Numerical Computation Techniques for Continuous Models, Numerical Computation Techniques for Discrete Models, Distributed Lag Models, Cobweb Models.

### **Unit 3: Continuous System Simulation (7 Lectures)**

Continuous System Models, Differential Equations & Applications, Feedback Systems, Simulation of an Autopilot, Interactive systems, Real Time Systems.

### **Unit 4: Concepts in Discrete Event Simulation (7 Lectures)**

The Event Scheduling / Time Advance Algorithm, World Views, Manual Simulation using Event Scheduling, List Processing: Lists-Basic properties and operations, Use of arrays for List Processing, Using Dynamic Allocation and Linked Lists.

### **Unit 5: Queuing Models (9 Lectures)**

Characteristics of Queuing Systems, Arrival and Service Patterns, Queue Discipline, Long Run Measures of Performance of Queuing Systems, Time-Average Number in System, Server Utilization, Costs in Queuing Problems, Steady State behavior of Infinite Population Markovian Models, Multiserver Queue:  $M/M/C/\infty/\infty$ .

### **Unit 6: Simulation software (7 Lectures)**

Comparison of Simulation Packages with Programming Languages, Classification of Simulation Software: General Purpose vs Application Oriented Simulation Packages, Desirable Software Features: General Capabilities, H/w and S/w Requirements, Animation and Dynamic Graphics, Statistical Capabilities, General Purpose Simulation Packages, Object Oriented Simulation, Examples of Application-oriented Simulation packages, Simulation in GPSS.

### **Unit 7: Random Number, Non-Uniform random variate Generation and Monte-Carlo Method (9 Lectures)**

Linear Congruential Generators, Testing Random Number Generators: Empirical and Theoretical tests, Non-Uniform Random Variate Generator: Inverse Transform, Composition. Generating Continuous Random Variates: Uniform, Exponential, Gamma, and Normal. Generating Discrete Random Variates: Bernoulli, Binomial, Poisson. Monte-Carlo Method: Evaluation of Integral-Hit or Miss Method.

### **Unit 8: Analysis of Simulation Data (5 Lectures)**

Identifying the Distribution with Data, Types of Simulations with respect to Output Analysis, Stochastic nature of Output Data, Measures of Performance and their Estimation: Point Estimation, Confidence-Interval Estimation, Output Analysis for Terminating Simulations: Statistical Background, Confidence-Intervals with Specified Precision, Output Analysis for Steady State Simulations, Variance-Reduction Technique-Antithetic variants.

### **Unit 9: Verification and Validation of Simulation Models (4 Lectures)**

Model Building- Verification and Validation, Verification of Simulation Models, Calibration and Validation of Models: Validation of Model Assumptions, Validating Input-output Transformations, Input-Output Validation

### **Suggested Readings:**

1. Raj Jain, Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, 1991
2. Sheldon M. Ross, Simulation, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., Elsevier 2008
3. Averill M. Law and W. David Kelton, Simulation Modeling and Analysis, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003
4. Geoferey Gordon, System Simulation, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., PHI, 1987
5. Jerry Banks and John S. Carson, Barry L Nelson, Discrete-Event System Simulation, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Prentice Hall, 2010
6. Narsingh Deo, System Simulation with Digital Computers, Prentice Hall of India, 1979

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**Unit 1: Introductory Linear Algebra (6 Lectures)**

System of linear equations, Matrices, Rank and Determinant of a matrix, Linearly dependent and independent vectors, Basis of a matrix.

**Unit 2: Linear programming - I (10 Lectures)**

Optimization Problems, Introduction to LP Formulation, Convex sets, Extreme points, Geometry of Linear Programs, Basic feasible solutions (BFS), Neighborhoods, Local and global optima, Profitable Column, Pivoting, Simplex Algorithm with initial BFS, Graphical method

**Unit 3: Linear programming - II (10 Lectures)**

Degeneracy and Bland's Anticycling rule (Definition), Simplex Algorithm without initial BFS, Artificial variable techniques – two phase method, M-Charnes method, special cases in LPP.

**Unit 4: Duality 10 (Lectures)**

Definition of the dual problem, primal-dual relationships, economic interpretation of duality, complementary slackness conditions

**Unit 5: Transportation Models (6 Lectures)**

Transportation Algorithm, Assignment model, Hungarian Method

**Unit 6: Introduction to Queuing Models (9 Lectures)**

Elements of Queuing Model, Exponential distribution, Poisson Distributions, Poisson Queuing Models, Single Server model, Multiple Server model

**Unit 7: Introduction to Markov Chains (9 Lectures)**

Introduction to Markov chains, transition probabilities, classification of states, Steady state probabilities, Absorbing states

**Suggested Readings:**

1. G. Hadley: Linear Programming. Narosa, 2002 (reprint).
2. A. Ravindran, D. T. Phillips and James J. Solberg: Operations Research-Principles and Practice, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
3. Hamdy A. Taha: Operations Research-An Introduction, Prentice Hall, 8th Edition, 2008. 4. F.S. Hillier. G.J.
4. Lieberman: Introduction to Operations Research- Concepts and Cases, 9th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill. 2010.

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**Unit 1: Introduction**

Optimization problems, neighbourhoods, local and global optima, convex sets and functions, simplex method, degeneracy; duality and dual simplex algorithm, computational considerations for the simplex and dual simplex algorithms-Dantzig-Wolfe algorithms.

**Unit 2: Integer Linear Programming**

Cutting plane algorithms, branch and bound technique and approximation algorithms for travelling salesman problem.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. C.H. Papadimitriou and K. Steiglitz, *Combinatorial Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity*, Prentice-Hall of India, 2006
2. K. Lange, *Optimization*, Springer, 2004.
3. Mokhtar S. Bazaraa, John J. Jarvis and Hanif D. Sherali, *Linear Programming and Network Flows*, John Wiley and Sons, 2004.
4. H.A. Taha, *Operations Research: An Introduction*, 8th Ed., Prentice Hall, 2006.

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**Unit 1: Introduction(20 Lectures)**

Floating point representation and computer arithmetic, Significant digits, Errors: Round-off error, Local truncation error, Global truncation error, Order of a method, Convergence and terminal conditions, Efficient computations  
Bisection method, Secant method, Regula-Falsi method, Newton-Raphson method, Newton's method for solving nonlinear systems, Gauss elimination method (with row pivoting) and Gauss-Jordan method, Gauss Thomas method for tridiagonal systems

**Unit 2: Iterative methods(8Lectures)**

Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel iterative methods

**Unit 3: Interpolation(8Lectures)**

Lagrange's form and Newton's form Finite difference operators, Gregory Newton forward and backward differences  
Interpolation

**Unit 4: Piecewise polynomial interpolation(7Lectures)**

Linear interpolation, Cubic spline interpolation (only method), Numerical differentiation: First derivatives and second order derivatives, Richardson extrapolation

**Unit 5: Numerical integration(10Lectures)**

Trapezoid rule, Simpson's rule (only method), Newton-Cotes open formulas

**Unit 6: Extrapolation methods(7Lectures)**

Romberg integration, Gaussian quadrature, Ordinary differential equation: Euler's method Modified Euler's methods: Heun method and Mid-point method, Runge-Kutta second methods: Heun method without iteration, Mid-point method and Ralston's method, Classical 4th order Runge-Kutta method, Finite difference method for linear ODE

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Laurence V. Fausett, Applied Numerical Analysis, Using MATLAB, Pearson, 2/e (2012)
2. M.K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar and R.K. Jain, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, New Age International Publisher, 6/e (2012)
3. Steven C Chapra, Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists, Tata McGraw Hill, 2/e (2010)

[Top ^](#)**CC 51L: Internet Technologies Lab****[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]**

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

Create event driven program for following:

1. Print a table of numbers from 5 to 15 and their squares and cubes using alert.
2. Print the largest of three numbers.
3. Find the factorial of a number n.
4. Enter a list of positive numbers terminated by Zero. Find the sum and average of these number s.
5. A person deposits Rs 1000 in a fixed account yielding 5% interest. Compute the amount in the account at the end of each year for n years.
6. Read n numbers. Count the number of negative numbers, positive numbers and zeros in the list.

[Top ^](#)**CC 52T:Theory of Computation Tutorial****[Credit: 1, Lecture Hours: 15]**

Theory of Computation tutorial as assigned and advised by teacher(s).

[Top ^](#)**DSE 53L:DSE Lab [Theory: 60 Lectures]****E1L: Microprocessor Lab****[2Credits; 60 Lectures]**

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

#### ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING

1. Write a program for 32-bit binary division and multiplication
2. Write a program for 32-bit BCD addition and subtraction
3. Write a program for Linear search and binary search.
4. Write a program to add and subtract two arrays
5. Write a program for binary to ascii conversion
6. Write a program for ascii to binary conversion

#### **E2L: Information Security Lab**

**[2 Credits, 60 Lectures]**

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. Demonstrate the use of Network tools: ping, ipconfig, ifconfig, tracer, arp, netstat, whois
2. Use of Password cracking tools: John the Ripper, Ophcrack. Verify the strength of passwords using these tools.
3. Perform encryption and decryption of Caesar cipher. Write a script for performing these operations.
4. Perform encryption and decryption of a Rail fence cipher. Write a script for performing these operations.
5. Use nmap/zenmap to analyse a remote machine.
6. Use Burp proxy to capture and modify the message.
7. Demonstrate sending of a protected word document.
8. Demonstrate sending of a digitally signed document.
9. Demonstrate sending of a protected worksheet.
10. Demonstrate use of steganography tools.
11. Demonstrate use of gpg utility for signing and encrypting purposes.

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#### **E3L: Modelling and Simulation Lab**

**[2 Credits, 60 Lectures]**

Practical exercises based on theory.

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#### **DSE 54L: Any one from the following corresponding to paper selected for DSE54**

#### **E1L: Operational Research for Computer Science Lab**

**[2 Credits; 60 Lectures]**

Practical based on topics covered in the paper.

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#### **E2L: Combinatorial Optimization Lab**

**[2 Credits, 60 Lectures]**

Practical exercises based on concepts listed in theory.

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#### **E3L: Numerical Methods Lab**

**[2 Credits, 60 Lectures]**

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems recommended to be done in any one of Computer Algebra Systems: MATLAB / MATHEMATICA / MAPLE:

1. Find the roots of the equation by bisection method.
2. Find the roots of the equation by secant/Regula-Falsi method.
3. Find the roots of the equation by Newton's method.
4. Find the solution of a system of nonlinear equation using Newton's method.
5. Find the solution of tridiagonal system using Gauss Thomas method.
6. Find the solution of system of equations using Jacobi/Gauss-Seidel method.
7. Find the cubic spline interpolating function.
8. Evaluate the approximate value of finite integrals using Gaussian/Romberg integration.

9. Solve the boundary value problem using finite difference method.

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----- End of Semester V-----

**CC 61: Artificial Intelligence****[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]****Unit 1: Introduction (06 Lectures)**

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Background and Applications, Turing Test and Rational Agent approaches to AI, Introduction to Intelligent Agents, their structure, behavior and environment.

**Unit 2: Problem Solving and Searching Techniques (20 Lectures)**

Problem Characteristics, Production Systems, Control Strategies, Breadth First Search, Depth First Search, Hill climbing and its Variations, Heuristics Search Techniques: Best First Search, A\* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction Problem, Means-End Analysis, Introduction to Game Playing, Min-Max and Alpha-Beta pruning algorithms.

**Unit 3: Knowledge Representation (20 Lectures)**

Introduction to First Order Predicate Logic, Resolution Principle, Unification, Semantic Nets, Conceptual Dependencies, Frames, and Scripts, Production Rules, Conceptual Graphs. Programming in Logic (PROLOG)

**Unit 4: Dealing with Uncertainty and Inconsistencies (08 Lectures)**

Truth Maintenance System, Default Reasoning, Probabilistic Reasoning, Bayesian Probabilistic Inference, Possible World Representations.

**Unit 5: Understanding Natural Languages (06 Lectures)**

Parsing Techniques, Context-Free and Transformational Grammars, Recursive and Augmented Transition Nets.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. DAN.W. Patterson, Introduction to A.I and Expert Systems – PHI, 2007.
2. Russell & Norvig, Artificial Intelligence-A Modern Approach, LPE, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2nd edition, 2005.
3. Rich & Knight, Artificial Intelligence – Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd edition, 1991.
4. W.F. Clocksin and Mellish, Programming in PROLOG, Narosa Publishing House, 3rd edition, 2001.
5. Ivan Bratko, Prolog Programming for Artificial Intelligence, Addison-Wesley, Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2000.

**CC 62: Computer Graphics****[Credit: 4, Lecture Hours: 60]****Unit 1: Introduction (5 Lectures)**

Basic elements of Computer graphics, Applications of Computer Graphics.

**Unit 2: Graphics Hardware (8 Lectures)**

Architecture of Raster and Random scan display devices, input/output devices.

**Unit 3: Fundamental Techniques in Graphics (22 Lectures)**

Raster scan line, circle and ellipse drawing, thick primitives, Polygon filling, line and polygon clipping algorithms, 2D and 3D Geometric Transformations, 2D and 3D Viewing Transformations (Projections- Parallel and Perspective), Vanishing points.

**Unit 4: Geometric Modeling (10 Lectures)**

Representing curves & Surfaces.

**Unit 5: Visible Surface determination (8 Lectures)**

Hidden surface elimination.

**Unit 6: Surface rendering (7 Lectures)**

Illumination and shading models. Basic color models and Computer Animation.

### Suggested Readings:

1. J D Foley, A.Van Dan, Feiner, Hughes Computer Graphics Principles & Practice 2nd edition Publication Addison Wesley 1990.
2. DHearn, Baker: Computer Graphics, Prentice Hall of India 2008.
3. D F Rogers Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill 1997.
4. D FRogers, Adams Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill 2nd edition 1989.
5. SaliniGovil-Pai, Principles of Computer Graphics, University Press

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**DSE 63: Any one from the list and the corresponding lab should be chosen for DSE63L**

## **E1: Digital Image Processing**

**[4 Credits; 60 Lectures]**

### **Unit 1:Introduction (6 Lectures)**

Light, Brightness adaption and discrimination, Pixels, coordinate conventions, Imaging Geometry, Perspective Projection, Spatial Domain Filtering, sampling and quantization.

### **Unit 2:Spatial Domain Filtering (7 Lectures)**

Intensity transformations, contrast stretching, histogram equalization, Correlation and convolution, Smoothing filters, sharpening filters, gradient and Laplacian.

### **Unit 3:Filtering in the Frequency domain (8 Lectures)**

Hotelling Transform, Fourier Transforms and properties, FFT (Decimation in Frequency and Decimation in Time Techniques), Convolution, Correlation, 2-D sampling, Discrete Cosine Transform, Frequency domain filtering.

### **Unit 4:Image Restoration (8 Lectures)**

Basic Framework, Interactive Restoration, Image deformation and geometric transformations, image morphing, Restoration techniques, Noise characterization, Noise restoration filters, Adaptive filters, Linear, Position invariant degradations, Estimation of Degradation functions, Restoration from projections.

### **Unit 5: Image Compression (10 Lectures)**

Encoder-Decoder model, Types of redundancies, Lossy and Lossless compression, Entropy of an information source, Shannon's 1st Theorem, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, Golomb Coding, LZW coding, Transform Coding, Sub-image size selection, blocking artifacts, DCT implementation using FFT, Run length coding, FAX compression (CCITT Group-3 and Group-4), Symbol-based coding, JBIG-2, Bit-plane encoding, Bit-allocation, Zonal Coding, Threshold Coding, JPEG, Lossless predictive coding, Lossy predictive coding, Motion Compensation

### **Unit 6:Wavelet based Image Compression (5 Lectures)**

Expansion of functions, Multi-resolution analysis, Scaling functions, MRA refinement equation, Wavelet series expansion, Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT), Continuous Wavelet Transform, Fast Wavelet Transform, 2-D wavelet Transform, JPEG-2000 encoding, Digital Image Watermarking.

### **Unit 7:Morphological Image Processing (7 Lectures)**

Basics, SE, Erosion, Dilation, Opening, Closing, Hit-or-Miss Transform, Boundary Detection, Hole filling, Connected components, convex hull, thinning, thickening, skeletons, pruning, Geodesic Dilation, Erosion, Reconstruction by dilation and erosion.

### **Unit 8: Image Segmentation (9 Lectures)**

Boundary detection based techniques, Point, line detection, Edge detection, Edge linking, local processing, regional processing, Hough transform, Thresholding, Iterative thresholding, Otsu's method, Moving averages, Multivariable thresholding, Region-based segmentation, Watershed algorithm, Use of motion in segmentation

### Suggested Readings:

1. R C Gonzalez , R E Woods, Digital Image Processing, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.2008.
2. A K Jain, Fundamentals of Digital image Processing, Prentice Hall of India.1989.
3. K R Castleman, Digital Image Processing, Pearson Education.1996
4. Schalkoff, Digital Image Processing and Computer Vision, John Wiley and Sons.1989.

5. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven Eddins,' Digital Image Processing using MATLAB', Pearson Education, Inc., 2004.

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## E2: Introduction to Data Sciences

[4 Credits; 60 Lectures]

### Unit 1:Data Scientist's Tool Box(10 Lectures)

Turning data into actionable knowledge, introduction to the tools that will be used in building data analysis software: version control, markdown, git, GitHub, R, and RStudio

### Unit 2:R Programming Basics(15 Lectures)

Overview of R, R data types and objects, reading and writing data, Control structures, functions, scoping rules, dates and times, Loop functions, debugging tools, Simulation, code profiling

### Unit 3:Getting and Cleaning Data(15 Lectures)

Obtaining data from the web, from APIs, from databases and from colleagues in various formats, basics of data cleaning and making data —tidy

### Unit 4:Exploratory Data Analysis(10 Lectures)

Essential exploratory techniques for summarizing data, applied before formal modeling commences, eliminating or sharpening potential hypotheses about the world that can be addressed by the data, common multivariate statistical techniques used to visualize high-dimensional data.

### Unit 5:Reproducible Research(10 Lectures)

Concepts and tools behind reporting modern data analyses in a reproducible manner, To write a document using R markdown, integrate live R code into a literate statistical program, compile R markdown documents using knitr and related tools, and organize a data analysis so that it is reproducible and accessible to others.

### Suggested Readings:

1. D. Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman, M. Ali, Introducing Data Science, Dreamtech Press
2. Rachel Schutt, Cathy O'Neil, "Doing Data Science: Straight Talk from the Frontline" by Schroff/O'Reilly, 2013.
3. Foster Provost, Tom Fawcett, "Data Science for Business" What You Need to Know About Data Mining and Data-Analytic Thinking" by O'Reilly, 2013.
4. John W. Foreman, "Data Smart: Using data Science to Transform Information into Insight" by John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
5. Ian Ayres, "Super Crunchers: Why Thinking-by-Numbers Is the New Way to Be Smart" Ist Edition by Bantam, 2007.
6. Eric Seigel, "Predictive Analytics: The Power to Predict who Will Click, Buy, Lie, or Die", 1st Edition, by Wiley, 2013.
7. Matthew A. Russel, "Mining the Social Web: Data mining Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Goole+, GitHub, and More", Second Edition, by O'Reilly Media, 2013.
8. Michael J. Crawley, The R Book, Wiley

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## E3: Data Mining

[4 Credits; 60 Lectures]

### Unit 1: Introduction (6 Lectures)

Basic Data Mining Tasks, Data Mining Issues, Data Mining Metrics, Data Mining from a Database Perspective

### Unit 2: Data Mining Techniques (10 Lectures)

A Statistical Perspective on Data Mining, Similarity Measures, Decision Trees, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms

### Unit 3: Classification (15 Lectures)

Statistical-Based Algorithms, Distance-Based Algorithms, Decision Tree-Based Algorithms, Neural Network-Based Algorithms, Rule-Based Algorithms, Combining Techniques.

### Unit 4: Clustering (12 Lectures)

Similarity and Distance Measures, Hierarchical Algorithms, Partitional Algorithms, Clustering Large Databases, Clustering with Categorical Attributes

### Unit 5: Association Rules (12 Lectures)

Basic Algorithms, Parallel and Distributed Algorithms, Incremental Rules, Advanced Association Rule Techniques, Measuring the Quality of Rules.

### Unit6: Advanced Techniques (5 Lectures)

Web Mining, Spatial Mining, Temporal Mining.

### Suggested Readings:

1. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, Introduction to Data Mining, Pearson Education.2005.
2. Richard Roiger, Michael Geatz, Data Mining: A Tutorial Based Primer, Pearson Education 2003.
3. G.K. Gupta, Introduction to Data Mining with Case Studies, PHI,2006.
4. Soman K P, DiwakarShyam, Ajay V Insight Into Data Mining: Theory And Practice, , PHI, 2006
5. Data Mining Techniques, ArunPujari, Fourth Edition, University Press

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### CC 61L: Artificial Intelligence Lab

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

1. Write a prolog program to calculate the sum of two numbers.
2. Write a prolog program to find the maximum of two numbers.
3. Write a prolog program to calculate the factorial of a given number.
4. Write a prolog program to calculate the nth Fibonacci number.
5. Write a prolog program, insert\_nth(item, n, into\_list, result) that asserts that result is the list into\_list with item inserted as the n<sup>th</sup> element into every list at all levels.
6. Write a Prolog program to remove the Nth item from a list.
7. Write a Prolog program, remove\_nth(Before, After) that asserts the After list is the Before list with the removal of every n<sup>th</sup> item from every list at all levels.
8. Write a Prolog program to implement append for two lists.
9. Write a Prolog program to implement palindrome(List).
10. Write a Prolog program to implement max(X,Y,Max) so that Max is the greater of two numbers X and Y.
11. Write a Prolog program to implement maxlist(List,Max) so that Max is the greatest number in the list of numbers List.
12. Write a Prolog program to implement sumlist(List,Sum) so that Sum is the sum of a given list of numbers List.
13. Write a Prolog program to implement two predicates evenlength(List) and oddlength(List) so that they are true if their argument is a list of even or odd length respectively.
14. Write a Prolog program to implement reverse(List,ReversedList) that reverses lists.
15. Write a Prolog program to implement maxlist(List,Max) so that Max is the greatest number in the list of numbers List using cut predicate.
16. Write a Prolog program to implement GCD of two numbers.
17. Write a prolog program that implements Semantic Networks/Frame Structures.

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### CC 62L: Computer Graphics Lab

[Credit: 2, Lab Hours: 60]

1. Write a program to implement Bresenham's line drawing algorithm.
2. Write a program to implement mid-point circle drawing algorithm.
3. Write a program to clip a line using Cohen and Sutherland line clipping algorithm.
4. Write a program to clip a polygon using Sutherland Hodgeman algorithm.
5. Write a program to apply various 2D transformations on a 2D object (use homogenous coordinates).
6. Write a program to apply various 3D transformations on a 3D object and then apply parallel and perspective projection on it.
7. Write a program to draw Hermite/Bezier curve.

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Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. Write program to read and display digital image using MATLAB or SCILAB
  - 1.1. Become familiar with SCILAB/MATLAB Basic commands
  - 1.2. Read and display image in SCILAB/MATLAB
  - 1.3. Resize given image
  - 1.4. Convert given color image into gray-scale image
  - 1.5. Convert given color/gray-scale image into black & white image
  - 1.6. Draw image profile
  - 1.7. Separate color image in three R G & B planes
  - 1.8. Create color image using R, G and B three separate planes
  - 1.9. Flow control and LOOP in SCILAB
  - 1.10. Write given 2-D data in image file
2. To write and execute image processing programs using point processing method
  - 2.1. Obtain Negative image
  - 2.2. Obtain Flip image
  - 2.3. Thresholding
  - 2.4. Contrast stretching
3. To write and execute programs for image arithmetic operations
  - 3.1. Addition of two images
  - 3.2. Subtract one image from other image
  - 3.3. Calculate mean value of image
  - 3.4. Different Brightness by changing mean value
4. To write and execute programs for image logical operations
  - 4.1. AND operation between two images
  - 4.2. OR operation between two images
  - 4.3. Calculate intersection of two images
  - 4.4. Water Marking using EX-OR operation
  - 4.5. NOT operation (Negative image)
5. To write a program for histogram calculation and equalization using
  - 5.1. Standard MATLAB function
  - 5.2. Program without using standard MATLAB functions
  - 5.3. C Program
6. To write and execute program for geometric transformation of image
  - 6.1. Translation
  - 6.2. Scaling c. Rotation
  - 6.3. Shrinking
  - 6.4. Zooming
7. To understand various image noise models and to write programs for
  - 7.1. image restoration
  - 7.2. Remove Salt and Pepper Noise
  - 7.3. Minimize Gaussian noise
  - 7.4. Median filter and Weiner filter
8. Write and execute programs to remove noise using spatial filters
  - 8.1. Understand 1-D and 2-D convolution process
  - 8.2. Use 3x3 Mask for low pass filter and high pass filter
9. Write and execute programs for image frequency domain filtering
  - 9.1. Apply FFT on given image
  - 9.2. Perform low pass and high pass filtering in frequency domain
  - 9.3. Apply IFFT to reconstruct image
10. Write a program in C and MATLAB/SCILAB for edge detection using different edge detection mask
11. Write and execute program for image morphological operations erosion and dilation.
12. To write and execute program for wavelet transform on given image and perform inverse wavelet transform to reconstruct image.



Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. Write a program that prints 'Hello World' to the screen.
2. Write a program that asks the user for a number n and prints the sum of the numbers 1 to n
3. Write a program that prints a multiplication table for numbers up to 12.
4. Write a function that returns the largest element in a list.
5. Write a function that computes the running total of a list.
6. Write a function that tests whether a string is a palindrome.
7. Implement linear search.
8. Implement binary search.
9. Implement matrices addition , subtraction and Multiplication
10. Fifteen students were enrolled in a course. Their ages were:  
20 20 20 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23
  - a. Find the median age of all students under 22 years
  - b. Find the median age of all students
  - c. Find the mean age of all students
  - d. Find the modal age for all students
  - e. Two more students enter the class. The age of both students is 23. What is now mean, mode and median?

11. Following table gives a frequency distribution of systolic blood pressure. Compute all the measures of dispersion

Midpoint	95.5	105.5	115.5	125.5	135.5	145.5	155.5	165.5	175.5
Number	5	8	22	27	17	9	5	5	2

12. Obtain probability distribution of, where X is number of spots showing when a six-sided symmetric die (i.e. all six faces of the die are equally likely) is rolled. Simulate random samples of sizes 40, 70 and 100 respectively and verify the frequency interpretation of probability.
13. Make visual representations of data using the base, lattice, and ggplot2 plotting systems in R, apply basic principles of data graphics to create rich analytic graphics from available datasets.
14. Use Git / Github software to create Github account. Also, create a repo using Github.

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Practical exercises based on concepts listed in theory.

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**DSE 64: Any one from the list and the corresponding lab should be chosen for DSE63L**

### Unit 1: Introduction (10 Lectures)

Concept of Machine Learning, Applications of Machine Learning, Key elements of Machine Learning, Supervised vs. Unsupervised Learning, Statistical Learning: Bayesian Method, The Naive Bayes Classifier

### Unit 2: Software for Machine Learning and Linear Algebra Overview (10 Lectures)

Plotting of Data, Vectorization, Matrices and Vectors: Addition, Multiplication, Transpose and Inverse using available tool such as MATLAB.

### Unit 3: Linear Regression (10 Lectures)

Prediction using Linear Regression, Gradient Descent, Linear Regression with one variable, Linear Regression with multiple variables, Polynomial Regression, Feature Scaling / Selection.

### Unit 4: Logistic Regression (10 Lectures)

Classification using Logistic Regression, Logistic Regression vs. Linear Regression, Logistic Regression with one variable and with multiple variables.

### **Unit 5:Regularization(10 Lectures)**

Regularization and its utility: The problem of Overfitting, Application of Regularization in Linear and Logistic Regression, Regularization and Bias/Variance.

### **Unit 6:Neural Networks(10 Lectures)**

Introduction, Model Representation, Gradient Descent vs. Perceptron Training, Stochastic Gradient Descent, Multilayer Perceptrons, Multiclass Representation, Backpropagation Algorithm.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

1. EthemAlpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning" 2nd Edition, The MIT Press, 2009.
2. Tom M. Mitchell, "Machine Learning", First Edition by Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2013.
3. Christopher M. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning" by Springer, 2007.
4. Mevin P. Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probab
5. Peter Harrington, Machine Learning in Action, Dreamtech Press

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## **E2: System Programming**

**[4 Credits; 60 Lectures]**

### **Unit 1:Assemblers & Loaders, Linkers(10 Lectures)**

One pass and two pass assembler, design of an assembler, Absolute loader, relocation and linking concepts, relocating loader and Dynamic Linking.

### **Unit 2:Introduction(5Lectures)**

Overview of compilation, Phases of a compiler

### **Unit 3:Lexical Analysis(10Lectures)**

Role of a Lexical analyzer, Specification and recognition of tokens, Symbol table, lex

### **Unit 4:Parsing(10 Lectures)**

Bottom up parsing- LR parser, yacc.

### **Unit 5:Intermediate representations(10 Lectures)**

Three address code generation, syntax directed translation, translation of types, control statements

### **Unit 6:Storage organization(5 Lectures)**

Activation records, stack allocation

### **Unit 7:Code Generation(10Lectures)**

Object code generation

#### **Suggested Readings:**

1. SantanuChattopadhyaya, Systems Programming, PHI, 2011.
2. Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.
3. D. M. Dhamdhare, Systems Programming, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
4. Leland Beck, D. Manjula, System Software: An Introduction to System Programming, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
5. Grune D, Van Reeuwijk . K, Bal H. E, Jacobs C J H, Langendoen K, Modern Compiler Design, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Springer, 2012

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## **E3: Cloud Computing**

**[4 Credits; 60 Lectures]**

### **Unit 1: Overview of Computing Paradigm (8 Lectures)**

Recent trends in Computing: Grid Computing, Cluster Computing, Distributed Computing, Utility Computing, Cloud Computing,

## **Unit 2: Introduction to Cloud Computing (7 Lectures)**

Introduction to Cloud Computing, History of Cloud Computing, Cloud service providers, Benefits and limitations of Cloud Computing

## **Unit 3: Cloud Computing Architecture (20 Lectures)**

Comparison with traditional computing architecture (client/server), Services provided at various levels, Service Models- Infrastructure as a Service(IaaS), Platform as a Service(PaaS), Software as a Service(SaaS), How Cloud Computing Works, Deployment Models- Public cloud, Private cloud, Hybrid cloud, Community cloud, Case study of NIST architecture.

## **Unit 4: Case Studies (13 Lectures)**

Case study of Service model using Google App Engine, Microsoft Azure, Amazon EC2, Eucalyptus.

## **Unit 5: Service Management in Cloud Computing (7 Lectures)**

Service Level Agreements (SLAs), Billing & Accounting, Comparing Scaling Hardware: Traditional vs. Cloud, Economics of scaling.

## **Unit 6: Cloud Security (5 Lectures)**

Infrastructure Security- Network level security, Host level security, Application level security, Data security and Storage- Data privacy and security Issues, Jurisdictional issues raised by Data location, Authentication in cloud computing.

### **Suggested Readings:**

1. Cloud Computing Bible, Barrie Sosinsky, Wiley-India, 2010
2. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms, Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley, 2011
3. Cloud Computing: Principles, Systems and Applications, Nikos Antonopoulos, Lee Gillam, Springer, 2012
4. Cloud Computing: A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, University Press
5. Cloud Security: A Comprehensive Guide to Secure Cloud Computing, Ronald L. Krutz, Russell Dean Vines, Wiley-India, 2010
6. Gautam Shroff, Enterprise Cloud Computing Technology Architecture Applications, Adobe Reader ebooks available from eBooks.com, 2010
7. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, Cloud Computing, A Practical Approach, McGraw Hills, 2010.
8. Dimitris N. Chorafas, Cloud Computing Strategies, CRC Press, 2010

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**DSE 64L: Any one from the list corresponding to the paper selected for DSE63**

**E1L: Machine Learning Lab**

**[4 Credits; 60 Lectures]**

For practical Labs for Machine Learning, students may use softwares like MABLAB/Octave or Python. For later exercises, students can create/use their own datasets or utilize datasets from online repositories like UCI Machine Learning Repository (<http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/>).

1. Perform elementary mathematical operations in Octave/MATLAB like addition, multiplication, division and exponentiation.
2. Perform elementary logical operations in Octave/MATLAB (like OR, AND, Checking for Equality, NOT, XOR).
3. Create, initialize and display simple variables and simple strings and use simple formatting for variable.
4. Create/Define single dimension / multi-dimension arrays, and arrays with specific values like array of all ones, all zeros, array with random values within a range, or a diagonal matrix.
5. Use command to compute the size of a matrix, size/length of a particular row/column, load data from a text file, store matrix data to a text file, finding out variables and their features in the current scope.
6. Perform basic operations on matrices (like addition, subtraction, multiplication) and display specific rows or columns of the matrix.

7. Perform other matrix operations like converting matrix data to absolute values, taking the negative of matrix values, adding/removing rows/columns from a matrix, finding the maximum or minimum values in a matrix or in a row/column, and finding the sum of some/all elements in a matrix.
8. Create various type of plots/charts like histograms, plot based on sine/cosine function based on data from a matrix. Further label different axes in a plot and data in a plot.
9. Generate different subplots from a given plot and color plot data.
10. Use conditional statements and different type of loops based on simple example/s.
11. Perform vectorized implementation of simple matrix operation like finding the transpose of a matrix, adding, subtracting or multiplying two matrices.
12. Implement Linear Regression problem. For example, based on a dataset comprising of existing set of prices and area/size of the houses, predict the estimated price of a given house.
13. Based on multiple features/variables perform Linear Regression. For example, based on a number of additional features like number of bedrooms, servant room, number of balconies, number of houses of years a house has been built – predict the price of a house.
14. Implement a classification/ logistic regression problem. For example based on different features of students data, classify, whether a student is suitable for a particular activity. Based on the available dataset, a student can also implement another classification problem like checking whether an email is spam or not.
15. Use some function for regularization of dataset based on problem 14.
16. Use some function for neural networks, like Stochastic Gradient Descent or backpropagation - algorithm to predict the value of a variable based on the dataset of problem 14.

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### **E2L: System Programming Lab**

**(4 Credits; 60 Lectures)**

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. To implement an assembler for a hypothetical language.
2. To get familiar with lex: write a program to recognize numbers, identifiers.
3. To get familiar with yacc: write a desk calculator.

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### **E3L: Cloud Computing Lab**

**(4 Credits; 60 Lectures)**

Students are advised to do laboratory/practical practice not limited to, but including the following types of problems:

1. Create virtual machines that access different programs on same platform.
2. Create virtual machines that access different programs on different platforms.
3. Working on tools used in cloud computing online-
  - a) Storage
  - b) Sharing of data
  - c) manage your calendar, to-do lists,
  - d) a document editing tool
4. Exploring Google cloud
5. Exploring microsoft cloud
6. Exploring amazon cloud

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### **DSE 64P: Project**

The students will be allowed to work on any project based on the concepts studied in core / elective or skill based elective courses. The group size should be maximum of three (03) students. Each group will be assigned a teacher as a supervisor who will handle both their theory as well lab classes. A maximum of Four (04) projects would be assigned to one teacher.

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----- End of Semester VI-----